

THE VALLEY FORGE SPIRIT OF AMERICA can not be wiped out as easily as the Big Money mob would like.

That is why New York's Times Square heard 1,500 courageous American patriots — Negro and white — shout "Halt Jimerow! Free Willie McGee and the Martinsville 'Seven'!"

Let J. Edgar Hoover sneer at the "subversives" who

The People Are Not Afraid

SPEAK FOR PEACE AUG. 2

dare to challenge the jim-crow lynch system! Decent America will not bow down

Let the fomenters of a world war, the Merchants of Death, try to crucify America's yearning for peace and the banning of the dreaded A-bomb. The people will not surrender

their Valley Forge heritage so lightly!

Anti-fascism is rooted deeply in America.

Stand up, every father and mother, for your family's sake!

Speak up, patriotic Americans, for the welfare of our beloved land now being shoved, step by step, into the hell of atomic war! Be a patriot! Raise your

voice at the Aug. 2 peace rally in Union Square! They fear the people! They fear discussion! They fear the facts! Revive the UNI! Bring China and the Soviet Union into the Security Council to bring peace! Ban the A-bomb!

WEATHER

Scattered
Thunder
Showers

Daily Worker

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Soviet Union To Return to Security Council In August

LAKE SUCCESS, N. Y., July 27.—Jacob Malik, Soviet delegate to the United Nations, today notified Trygve Lie, UN secretary general, that he would assume the presidency of the Security Council in his regular term next Tuesday.

The communique from Malik to Lie said:

"Dear Mr. Secretary General:

"I consider it necessary to inform you that, in accordance with established procedure, I am assuming the presidency of the Security Council in August of this year, and that I am setting the date of the meeting of the Council for Aug. 1, at 3 p.m.

"I request you to arrange to notify the members of the Security Council regarding the date of the meeting.

"The agenda will be communicated subsequently.

"With respect.

"Jacob Malik."

LEADERS ASK U.S. ACT NOW ON NEHRU PEACE PLAN

— See Page 3 —

Officials Incited Jackson Lynch Mob

By Harry Raymond

Small mobs of Dixiecrats were rampaging through the streets of Jackson, Miss., bent on violence, when I left Mississippi's capital to return to New York last night. Their public officials, stunned by the brilliant victory of the Civil Rights Congress in winning a last-minute stay of execution for Willie McGee, were inciting the roving gangs to new assaults and worse crimes on peaceful citizens.

Five men, including John R. Poole, a Jackson resident and attorney for Willie McGee, had already been outnumbered and beaten by the white-shirted Dixie gangsters.

Another cowardly gang invaded the Heidelberg hotel room of Aubrey Crossman, organizational secretary of the CRC, and slugged him brutally. The attack on Crossman occurred only a few hours after Gov. Fielding Wright, police officers and members of the governor's staff pushed threateningly into the same hotel room demanding Crossman get out of town.

Jackson streets began to look like violent wards of a madhouse. Steve Fisher, Compass reporter, was slugged and forcibly pushed on a train for New Orleans. Sidney L. Ordover, Chicago radio commentator who petitioned the governor for clemency for McGee, was set upon by the howling pack, and a co-petitioner was slugged in front of the Heidelberg Hotel.

Late in the afternoon a friend suggested I get out of my hotel room.

He said: "They are coming up to get you."

My friend, a local white man, said he

heard a group talking about getting the Daily Worker man. He insisted I go with him and stay the night under his roof, leaving my bag and typewriter in the hotel.

Today I feel deeply indebted to this fine Mississippi citizen.

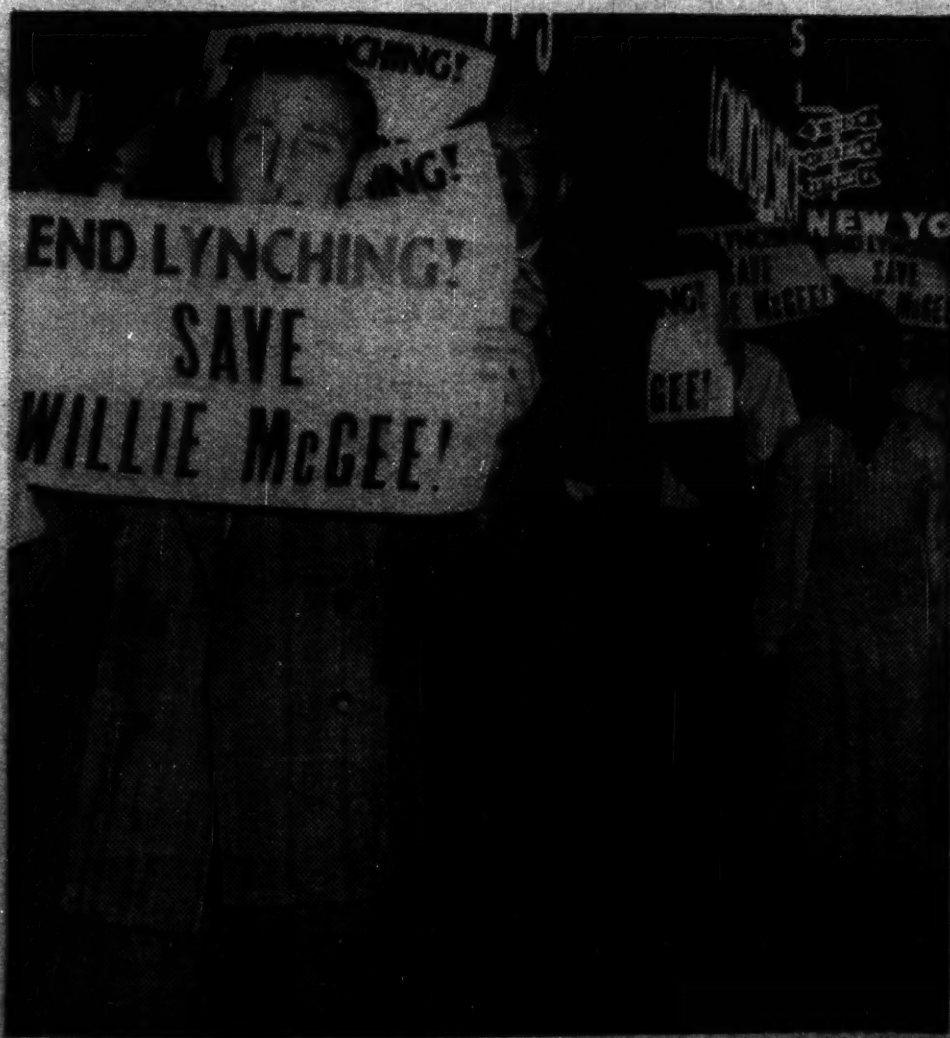
Later, while walking from the telegraph office, I encountered a noisy group of 15 young men swaggering in the direction of the Old Capitol.

They were shouting: "Give us another civil righter! Kill the Communists!"

One shouted to me: "Come along and see us kill a n—r lover."

I continued up the street to arrange

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More than 1,500 New Yorkers picketed the Times Square area Wednesday night to demand justice for Willie McGee and the Martinsville Seven. The men and women carried small black and white banners which urged, "End Lynching, Save Willie McGee." "Save the Martinsville 7." —Daily Worker photo by Peter

The Surprised Lynchers

THEY COULDN'T GET AWAY with their "legal" murder of Willie McGee and the framed seven Negroes of Martinsville, Virginia.

No. The world of the KKK lynchers and their rotten judges and governors is not exactly what it used to be when the murder of a n—r, either with or without benefit of a "jury trial" was just routine.

No, the "white supremacy" world is not quite the same.

There is a Civil Rights Congress, led by William Patterson, which is the alert defender of Negro rights. George Marshall, CRC leader railroaded to jail by the Un-Ameri-

can Committee because he fought for the Willie McGees, can rejoice at his victory.

There is the powerful unity of Negro and white Americans who will not be silenced either by the KKK or by the blackmail threats of J. Edgar Hoover, whose FBI must be enlarged, he told Congress, to cope with "subversive" activities around civil rights for the Negroes in the South.

There is the Communist Party, on whose banner, alone of all American parties, lies the demand: "Complete equality for the Negro people. Abolish the 'white

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McGee Att'y Flies Back; Defies Mob

Daily Worker Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, June 27.—John R. Poole, Willie McGee's lawyer, flew back to Jackson, Miss., today to face disbarment, and perhaps heightened mob violence, for helping save McGee's life.

He left by plane late today still jubilant over his successful last minute appeal to Supreme Court Justice Harold H. Burton who had halted McGee's scheduled execution yesterday afternoon.

Poole said he didn't know what to expect when he reached his hometown and returned to his office. When he left Jackson by plane Tuesday night to make his appeal to the Supreme Court, he was attacked and beaten by a mob of 15 men.

URGES PROTESTS

Poole's associate, Mrs. Bella Abzug of New York, urged people throughout the nation to come to Poole's support to prevent his disbarment, and to urge federal protection for him.

Disbarment proceedings were started against Poole last week by the prosecuting attorneys who for five years have tried to frame McGee. The proceedings are now in the hands of the Board of Commissioners of the Mississippi Bar Association in Jackson.

Mrs. Abzug said the attacks against Poole represented a denial of elementary justice because they sought to prevent vigorous defense of an accused man's cause. "The persecution of a lawyer for acting with great courage in furtherance of the best traditions of the bar is a matter of concern to the whole bar and country," she declared.

She added that "an increasing number of lawyers face disbarment proceedings because of the clients they represent with courage and vigor or because of their own views. Such violence, threats and attempts at intimidation degrade the administration of justice for they strike at the essentials of a fair trial, the independence of the bar, and its right and duty to provide vigorous advocacy of a client's cause."

She maintained, "When it takes a hero to represent an accused Negro the right to counsel is nearly destroyed. The McGee case is not untypical of such cases," she added.

British Ex-Envoy Safe in Pyongyang

LONDON, July 24.—The Foreign Office announced yesterday that it had received its first direct word from Capt. Vivian Holt.

Holt, former British minister in Seoul, cabled only that he and two members of his staff were safe near Pyongyang, North Korean capital.

CP Says It's Going to Stay in Birmingham

Special to the Daily Worker

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 27.—"The Communist Party is in Birmingham to stay!" This was the answer given by the district committee of the Communist Party in Alabama to the City Commission's fascist decree outlawing the Communist Party and political freedom in Birmingham. It was contained in a statement issued Wednesday night to Birmingham newspapers.

"Our party will continue its fight for peace, for the rights of labor, for full unity between Negro and white workers, and for full equal rights and liberation of the oppressed Negro people."

Three men—the City Commission of Birmingham—passed the Hitler-like ordinance without discussion and rushed it into effect. The party statement declared: "These men, acting on behalf of the steel barons who dominate the city, have undertaken to draw a fascist wall around Birmingham. As has been the case wherever the Hitler of the world have attacked the liberties of the people—they start with the Communist Party. They know well that our party is the leading champion of the people's liberties and economic interests. They know we are the staunchest fighters for peace and unshakable battlers for Negro rights."

CHAMPIONS PEACE

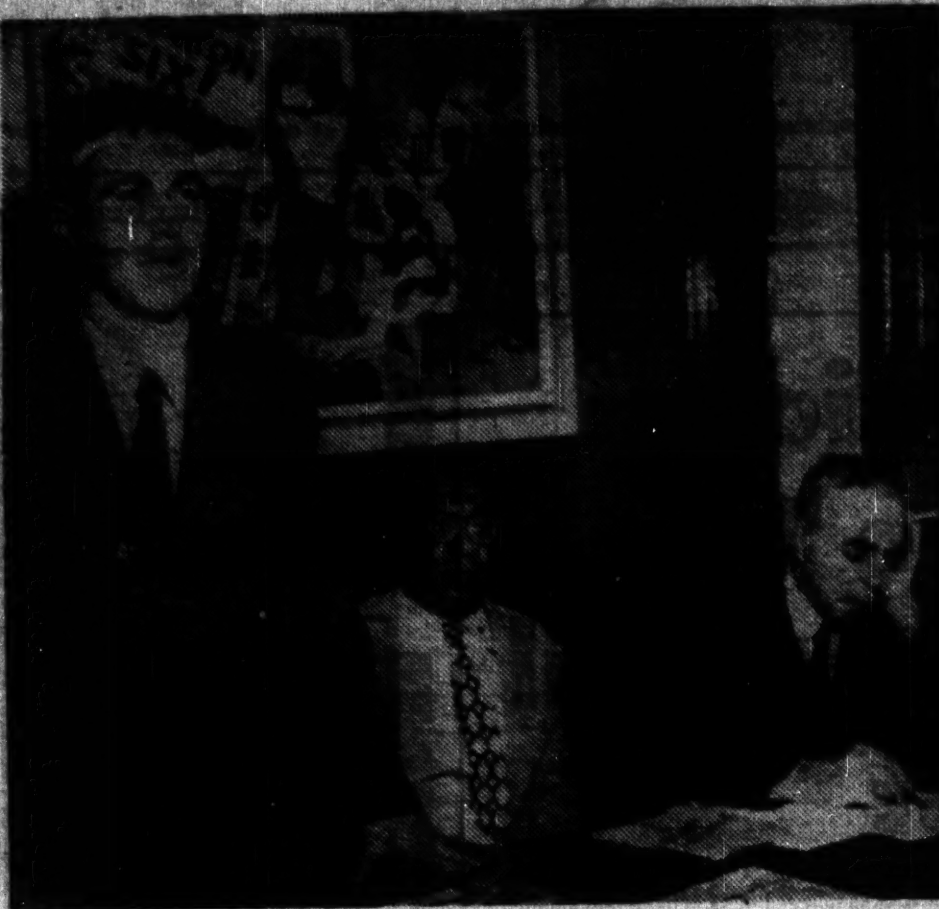
The statement declared that the Communist Party is under attack because it champions peace, the rights of labor, the unity of Negro and white workers, and because of its 20-year record in Birmingham as a leading champion of Negro rights.

"The Wall Street gang feel their seat on the backs of the people slipping when we show the white workers that they cannot win security and a decent life for themselves unless they help end the oppression of the Negro people."

"Public Commissioner Connor can't face our demand that he stop the police killing of Negro citizens and that he protect the homes of Negroes," the statement declared. "He has no answer to our question: 'Why hasn't a single criminal who bombed Negro homes been arrested?'"

"These are the reasons why these

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Aubrey Grossman shows the battle scars of his encounter with Mississippi lynch terror after he was attacked by hoodlums in a Jackson hotel. Grossman, organizational secretary of Civil Rights Congress, led a 10-state delegation to Jackson to see Gov. Fielding Wright to plead for a stay of execution for Willie McGee. With him are William L. Patterson, CRC executive secretary, and Emanuel Bloch, CRC attorney also associated with the McGee case. Daily Worker photographer

Charges Gov. Wright Aided Jackson Thugs

By Louise Mitchell

With deep, purple gashes marking his forehead, Aubrey Grossman, organizational secretary of the Civil Rights Congress, yesterday charged Mississippi city, county and

state officials, as well as federal authorities, with aiding and abetting hoodlum attacks upon CRC lawyers and delegates seeking justice for the framed Negro worker, Willie McGee.

Just returned from Jackson, Miss., where eight thugs beat him on the head and back in his room at the Heidelberg Hotel, Grossman described to the press at the CRC office at 205 E. 24 St. the reign of terror that swept through Jackson before and after McGee's stay of execution Wednesday.

Grossman led a 10-state delegation to Gov. Fielding Wright to ask for a reprieve, which was finally granted by Supreme Court

Justice Harold Burton, 11-hours before McGee was scheduled to die.

He was alone in his room on Wednesday at about 8 p.m. when eight men swinging clubs and loaded stockings got into his room on a ruse and assaulted him for 10 minutes without interference from local police or the hotel management.

GOVERNOR'S THREAT

The attack was directly related said Grossman, to a threat made during the morning by Gov. Wright who came to his hotel room accompanied by a gang of

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Mrs. Grayson Brings Glad Tidings to Martinsville 7

By Mel Fiske

RICHMOND, Va., July 27.—Mrs. Josephine Grayson broke the happy news to the Martinsville Seven—her husband and six youths—in the Richmond penitentiary death house this morning. Their lives had been spared for at least 40 days, she told them. It was

the first word they had received of the 11th hour stay of execution handed down in a Richmond lower court last night.

Four of the seven men had been scheduled to die at midnight to night. The remaining three, including Mrs. Grayson's 35-year-old husband, Francis, had been slated to die in the electric chair next Friday.

A friend who accompanied Mrs. Grayson to the death house early this morning said the seven men

were deliriously happy over their last-minute stay.

Mrs. Grayson learned of the stay of execution ordered by Judge M. Ray Doubles when she reached Richmond late last night. She came to the capital city of Virginia from Washington to see the seven men for what she thought would be the last time.

She came to tell them that President Truman had refused to see

Uruguay C.P. Cheers Name Of Dennis

The Communist Party of Uruguay has pledged its support to Eugene Dennis, the imprisoned general secretary of the American Communist Party, as the "standard bearer of peace."

The pledge was given by Eugenio Gomez, general secretary of the Uruguayan Party, in a message to Cas Hall, secretary of the American party.

Gomez said the delegates to the recent Uruguayan Communist Congress stood up shouting "Viva" when the name of Dennis was mentioned. A cable was sent to the United States Government, demanding Dennis' release.

A message to Dr. Edward K. Barsky, imprisoned chairman of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee, reported that on July 11, 5,000 German men and women met in the big Friedrichstadt-Polast in Berlin "protesting the abominable persecution and imprisonment of the members of your committee and of the 10 (Hollywood) writers."

One group of five leading professors from Leipzig University Medical School protested "the anti-democratic persecution of Dr. Anslander, Dr. Barsky and other courageous anti-fascists."

USSR Scientists Asks U. S. Balk Germ Warfare

MOSCOW, July 27.—Eight top Soviet scientists appealed today to American bacteriologists to act against germ warfare.

A three column appeal published in the Literary Gazette urged the American scientists to declare their position.

The appeal was signed by Evgeni Pavlovsky, member of the Soviet Academy of Sciences; Konstantin I. Skriabin, president of the Society of Helminthologists (Study of Parasitic Worms); Pavel Zdrovsky, Dr. Olga Lepishinskaya, and others.

It mentioned specifically such well-known American scientists as Rene Dubaux, Edward Francis, Oswald Avery and Michael Heidelberger, and asked them whether they were prepared to "permit the use of their achievements in bacteriology as weapons in the hands of warmongers or to allow the conversion of their laboratories and institutes into death factories."

The Soviet scientists said that no one can be neutral today when "aircraft made in the United States destroys peaceful cities in Korea, kills thousands of women, old men and children, and drop the Colorado beetle over democratic Germany."

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U.S. Civic Leaders Urge Government Accept Nehru Mediation Proposal

Philly Peace Rally Wins Right to Street

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—The right to use the streets for peace was reasserted here Wednesday evening when 100 Peace Crusaders brought their message to crowds

U. S. Seeks to Grab All Korea, Say Soviets

MOSCOW, July 27.—The U.S. invasion of Korea is aimed at the conquest of the entire country, it was declared today in the magazine, New Times. The magazine added that the invasion had increased the danger of a new world war.

The scale and character of Washington's military undertakings show aggressive designs beyond Korea's borders, the New Times said.

"Truman ordered mobilization. The whole world knows the American Government intends to increase the Army, Air Force and Navy to a level far exceeding the requirements for aggression in Korea."

The New Times editorial was devoted to Premier Joseph Stalin's reply to Indian Prime Minister Pandit Nehru's mediation efforts, and said the Soviets had expressed readiness to insure peace through the Security Council but the United States turned down the offer.

The "New Times" said regulation of the Korean problem by the Security Council was the "normal expedient method" but that the Security Council was not the Security Council when two of the five permanent members were absent. It urged admission of the Chinese government.

An article in Izvestia meanwhile charged the western powers with maintaining military and semi-military organizations of 500,000 men in Germany under the jurisdiction of a single unified staff.

A Moscow broadcast monitored in London said the three western powers had built up the force for aggression and concealed it under various disguises and that it was commanded by two of Adolf Hitler's top generals, Heinz Guderian and Franz Halder.

of central city shoppers in front of Market Street stores. Police, who have to date arrested 21 men and women here, and connived at several hoodlum attacks on neighborhood peace rallies, stood by, as working men and women, doing their Wednesday night shopping, signed the World Peace Appeal. Thousands of leaflets were distributed during the one-hour peace demonstrations. Pickets paraded with the slogan: "BAN THE A-BOMB."

"It was a major victory," Sylvia Beitscher, executive secretary of the Crusaders for Peace, told the demonstrators when they reassembled at Progressive Party headquarters to turn in their petitions.

"Your mobilization showed that while there are differences of opinion among the people, when you go out to get signatures you get them. The right to get signatures was established without interference."

The enthusiastic peace fighters shouted "Yes" when Mrs. Beitscher asked if they wanted to go out in further mass mobilizations.

Koreans Free 2 More Cities

The Korean People's Army continued to advance eastward to Pusan yesterday, liberating the port of Suncheon, 90 miles west of Pusan and the harbor city of Yosu, 20 miles southeast of Suncheon. The People's Radio at Pyongyang also said Korean forces drove off MacArthur warships which shelled Yosu and sank one of them.

United Press dispatches from the war theaters and MacArthur's releases made vague claims that the Koreans were being pushed back on virtually all fronts.

MacArthur made a very brief visit to Korea, after which he predicted "new setbacks" and "ultimate victory."

UP correspondents expressed the belief that the Koreans would launch new major offensives and

By Ruby Cooper

CHICAGO, July 27.—A statement issued here yesterday by the Committee for Peaceful Alternatives urged the U. S. "to act in good faith to achieve a peaceful solution to the Korean affair" by accepting the mediation proposal of Indian Prime Minister Nehru.

The statement was issued with the backing of the many prominent churchmen, educators, Negro leaders, scientists and authors elected to head the committee at the recent national Mid-Century conference for peace held here last May.

Honorary chairmen of the broad grouping are Thomas Mann, Nobel prize winning author and Bishop W. J. Walls, A. M. E. Zion Church and member of the executive committee of the World Council of Churches. The four active co-chairmen are: Rabbi Abraham Cronbach, Hebrew Union College, Cincinnati; Prof. Kermit Eby, University of Chicago; Dr. W. H. Jernagin, Fraternal Council of Negro Churches, Washington, D. C.; Andean John B. Thompson, Rockefeller Memorial Chapel University of Chicago.

The policy statement on the Korea war declared, "Koreans and Americans are dying in Korea. Unless the impasse which now exists in Korea is ended, many more Koreans and Americans, and perhaps Russians, Chinese and Europeans will also die, and with this eventuality rides the extinction of our civilization."

"But no matter how grave the crisis and how late the hour, there is yet time to avert the ultimate and final catastrophe," the statement added.

"Two facts transcend all others: Russia has not entered the war and the atom bomb has not been

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Rev. Fletcher, DuBois To Address Aug. 2 Rally

The New York Labor Conference for Peace yesterday announced a partial list of speakers who will address the peace rally in Union Square on Wednesday, Aug. 2, 5 p.m.

The demonstration is being organized around the slogans: "Help Save American Lives! Help Prevent World War III! Outlaw the A-Bomb!"

Speakers include Dr. W. E. B. DuBois, chairman of the Peace Information Center; Rev. Joseph Fletcher, Professor of Social Ethics, School of Divinity, Cambridge, Mass.; Paul Robeson, artist.

Labor leaders who will speak include Leon Straus, executive secretary, Fur Dressers and Dyers Joint Board; Aaron Schneider, regional director, United Office and Professional Workers Union; Charles Fay, president Local 475, United Electrical Workers and chairman of the Brooklyn Labor Conference for Peace; Charles A. Collins, chairman of the Culinary Workers Peace Committee in the hotel, restaurant and club industry.

A highlight of the meeting will be a report from a delegation

which saw Andrew W. Cordier, executive assistant to Trygve Lie, on Tuesday. The delegations, which consisted of several labor leaders whose unions represent 500,000 workers, declared after the meeting that Lie's aide categorically refused to give assurances that atomic weapons would not be used in Korea. The threat of worldwide atomic war heightens the urgency of the Aug. 2 demonstration, according to the sponsors of the rally.

The New York Labor Conference for Peace also made public yesterday a cable from the London Peace Conference accepting a proposal for a competition between New York City and London on obtaining 1,000,000 signatures on the World Peace Appeal to outlaw atomic weapons. The London cable declared: "atomaniacs must lose."

TIMES SQ. CROWDS SEE RALLY FOR MCGEE, MARTINSVILLE 7

Tens of thousands of Times Square theatre goers watched with great intent Wednesday night's spirited demonstration celebrating the victories in winning stays of execution for Willie McGee, framed Mississippi Negro, and the framed seven Negroes in Martinsville, Va.

The demonstration was carried out successfully exactly according to plan. At 10:15 p.m. 1,500 demonstrators in the heart of the Great White Way began shouting their demands to stop the legal lynching plans. And at 10:45 p.m.

a half hour later, the demonstrators rapidly and efficiently dispersed—as agreed upon.

Daily Worker reporters saw thousands of men and women reading the leaflet distributed by the demonstrators with its explanation of the two cases of lynch justice and its call to the people to send their protests by wire.

The leaflet carried a last minute "Victory Flash!" on the back, with the glad announcement that the executions of the eight victims were postponed.

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Truman to Ask 2nd Payroll Tax Increase

By Rob F. Hall

WASHINGTON, July 27.—President Truman said today that if he decides to impose price controls and rationing, he will include a wage freeze and manpower controls. Wages are

already lagging far behind price increases. He said, he does not plan to ask Congress for any additional powers at this time. That would be all-out mobilization, Truman told his press conference, and he hopes it will not be necessary.

Truman said he did not intend to ask for a tax on excess profits at this time, describing such a tax as very controversial. After the elections, he said, he will submit to Congress proposals for an over all tax program which will raise taxes above the 30 percent hike he recommended on Tuesday. He did not say whether it would include an excess profits tax.

Truman's announcement on controls was contradicted by reports that further controls will be broached before Labor Day. One reporter told the President she heard a rumor that rationing cards are now being printed.

Truman's tight linking of wage freeze with price controls was significant in view of the increasing clamor on Capitol Hill for more

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WHOLESALE PRICES UP 13%

Wholesale prices on wheat, sugar, coffee, butter and hides have jumped an average of 13 percent since the beginning of the Korean war, it was announced yesterday by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The price increase means that there will be further hikes at the retail level. Retail price increases on such commodities as bread have already gone up.

Cigarette prices were expected to go up monetarily following the announcement by the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co. of a wholesale price increase.

TRUMAN SAYS HE WON'T USE ATOM BOMB 'NOW'

Washington, July 27.—A reporter labor and church groups, both here and abroad. The President's negative answer today was interpreted as an attempt to reassure public opinion and repair if possible the damage to the administration's peaceful protestations.

His statement that he does not plan at this time to drop the A-bomb in Korea, however, was not interpreted as a pledge that at some time in the future he would not change his mind.

Two weeks ago when this question was put, Truman declined to answer. Immediately strong protests were registered, especially by

Brighton Beach Peace Rally Defies Hoodlums

A Brighton Beach open air rally for peace, attended last night by over 300, was going on successfully as the Daily Worker went to press, despite an organized attempt by about 100 disrupters to break up the meeting. The audience and the speakers stood their ground and refused to be intimidated by a clique of hecklers organized by

the Alexander Fleischman post of the American Legion.

Early in the meeting, men in Legionnaire caps went through the crowd, telling people to "go home," but no one budged. Enraged by their failure, the hecklers became noisy, tried to shout down the speakers, and then resorted to throwing tomatoes and

rotten fruit. In all this, the police, who numbered about 20, stood by without making a move to stop the hoodlums.

Calls to the police precinct to order the police to do their duty against the interrupters were unavailing.

Many onlookers expressed their shocked feelings at the hoodlums' tactics and at the

help these got from the police-men's passive attitude.

Lee Marin, chairman of the Brighton Tenants Welfare Council, and Russ Nixon, research director of the Peace Information Center, were among the speakers who urged a world ban on the atombomb, and an end to the war drive. Their talks drew applause from the audience.

The meeting was sponsored by the Brooklyn Labor Conference for Peace.

The attack on the meeting was the climax of incidents in Brighton Beach in which Legionnaires have beaten up peace petitioners and have torn up their petitions, with the quiet support of the local police.

Army Orders Draft of 100,000

WASHINGTON, July 27 (UP).—The Defense Department announced today that 100,000 men will be drafted into the Army during September and October, including the 20,000 already called.

Defense official said "large numbers" of draft-age youths 18-through-25 are needed to bring regular Army units and certain reserve groups up to authorized strength at the earliest possible date.

The size of the call came as a surprise. Army officials had hinted they would need more men from Selective Service because of the failure of sufficient numbers of men to volunteer. But it was believed they would ask for only about

20,000 men, the same number they requested on July 10.

But the Defense Department said 50,000 men will be called for induction in September and another 50,000 in October. The 20,000 summoned in the first call will go to camp in September.

Simultaneously, the Army ordered all servicemen overseas to serve six months beyond their normal tours of duty.

The order did not apply to the Far East where Gen. Douglas MacArthur may prolong foreign tours as long as necessary.

LIBERALS BACK ALL BROOKLYN DEMOS EXCEPT NEW DEALER

By Michael Vary

After last year's broken engagement, the Liberal Party is again on a honeymoon with the Democrats. In Brooklyn the Liberals have endorsed eight of that borough's nine Democratic Congressmen. The sole exception is Rep. Joseph L. Pfeifer, one of the few pro-New Deal Congressmen left in Washington.

In direct contrast is the Liberal Party's blessing for such arch-reactionaries and Franco-lovers as Rep. Eugene Keogh and Rep. Abraham Multer. These two Congressmen, it will be remembered, returned earlier this year from a junket to Spain, singing praises for Franco.

The Liberals have also given their endorsement to most other

Democratic candidates in Brooklyn. It is rumored, however, that Supreme Court Justice E. Ivan Rubenstein, Democratic candidate for Surrogate, plans to decline the Liberals' nomination.

At City Hall everything is chummy again between Mayor O'Dwyer and Alex Rose, one of the Liberal Party's bigwigs. They met last week, reportedly to discuss plans for O'Dwyer to take on the gubernatorial or Senatorial nomination this fall.

The Liberal Party declined to comment on its nominations. A spokesman for the Liberals gave no reasons for refusing the nomination to Pfeifer, and would not explain its endorsement of Multer and Keogh.

Rally to Protest Cop Assaults on Puerto Ricans

A neighborhood rally to protest police attacks on Puerto Ricans on the upper West Side will be held tomorrow (Saturday) at 107th St. and Manhattan Ave., at 7:30 p.m. One of the most recent victims of police terror, Raymond Ramos, will be a speaker.

The meeting will demand removal of police detective Joseph Devine for brutal attack on Ramos. A delegation will be named at the rally to visit the local police station to demand that false charges against Ramos be dropped.

Stoolie Couple Get \$68 a Day

Paul Crouch, government informer, yesterday produced the contract between himself and his wife on the one hand and the Immigration and Naturalization Service on the other, on his job at the deportation hearing of Andrew Dmytryshyn, vice-president of the American Ukrainian Fraternal Union of the IWO.

The contract provides that the Crouch couple receive \$25 a day each plus \$9 a day expenses and 7 cents a mile transportation. Crouch is on leave from the California Committee on Un-American Activities, which pays him \$350 a month plus \$150 expenses.

Crouch testified yesterday that acting "under instructions of the Communist International he became 'one of the creators of the IWO.'" He admitted, however, he had never read the constitution of the IWO though he had "glanced" at it. He "did not recall" the dues for the types of membership in the IWO.

Dmytryshyn's counsel, Isidore Englander, produced evidence to show that shortly after Crouch applied for membership in the IWO the Order expelled him for non-payment of dues.

Dennis to Spend 46th Birthday in Jail

On Aug. 10, Eugene Dennis' 46th birthday, the general secretary of the Communist Party will have served nearly three months of a year's sentence for refusing to bow to the illegal political inquisition conducted by the Un-American Activities Committee. Dennis has been in jail since May 12. He is in the Federal House of Detention at 427 West St. The Dennis Defense Committee is urging all friends of Dennis and all who are opposed to the persecution that sent him to jail to send him birthday greetings.

9 Labor Leaders Ask Trygve Lie For A-Bomb Parley

Nine labor leaders yesterday requested UN secretary general Trygve Lie to meet with them to "ascertain your views on atomic weapons, indiscriminate mass bombing and interference in the rights of peace petitioners."

The nine were part of the delegation which met with Lie's representative, Andrew M. Cordier, on Tuesday and who were shocked by the aide's cynical indifference as to whether the A-bomb is used or not.

Cordier, the nine wrote Lie, "in effect, equated the A-bomb with the bow and arrow, with cynical platitudes about war in general."

The letter was signed by Marcel Scherer, coordinator for the New York Labor Peace Conference; Ernest DeMaio, president, District 11, United Electrical Workers; Mrs. Octavia Hawkins, secretary-treasurer, CIO United Auto Workers Local 453; Charles A. Collins, vice president, AFL Hotel and Club Local 6; James H. Durkin, president, United Office and Professional Workers; Leon Straus, secretary, Furriers Joint Board; Leon Kuhl, business manager, AFL Paper and Sulphite Workers Local 107; Russ Nixon, labor research consultant; Jack Paley, secretary-treasurer, Distributive Workers Local 65.

Ask Truman to Seek UN Ban on A-Bomb

The New York Labor Conference, informed of President Truman's statement that he does not contemplate using the A-bomb now against the Koreans, said yesterday:

"We urge the President to instruct the U. S. delegation to the UN to press for a binding UN agreement to banish atomic weapons. We also call on all New Yorkers to attend the mass rally next Wednesday in Union Square to express their demands for world peace."

Harlem Kids Go to Camp

The first contingent of Harlem children sent by the Child Care Camp Fund Committee has left for camp, it was announced yesterday by Manhattan Chapter No. 1 of the Congress of American Women, which sponsors the committee.

The children, all boys in this first group, were off to Vermont. They were given a send-off by their parents, by Mrs. A. Louise Pitner, Harlem community and religious leader who is chairman of the Child Care Camp Fund Committee, and by members of the CAW national board.

The second contingent of campers will leave for New Jersey in August.

Manhattan Chapter No. 1 is continuing to raise money for the camp fund. For this purpose it is running a bus excursion to Connecticut on Sunday, Aug. 6. Tickets, which are \$4 may be obtained from the chapter headquarters at 2329 Seventh Ave., New York. Contributions may be sent to the same address.

Win Shelter for Father of 11

Ralph Ramirez, 44-year-old Navy veteran, his wife, Rose, and their 11 children yesterday won a temporary victory in their fight for shelter when the City Housing Authority provided the family with basement accommodations in the Red Hook project in Brooklyn.

The Red Hook Tenants Council and the American Labor Party, whose intervention in the case forced CHA to act, had threatened

a sit-in at the Authority's headquarters at 2 Frankfort St.

Ramirez and his children were evicted from a five-room \$25-a-month apartment at 642 President St., Brooklyn, when the landlord refused to wait for his rent. Ramirez, a semi-skilled worker, was penniless. His two-year-old child, Carmine, suffered convulsions following the eviction and was taken to Methodist Hospital.

Ramirez has a son in the U. S. Coast Guard.

Although the Democratic Party has headquarters across the street from where Ramirez lived, local politicians did not raise a finger to protect him or to safeguard his belongings, which were thrown into the street.

Neighbors and other families in the community sheltered the children and took up a collection for food, while Vincent J. Douglas, ALP leader in Red Hook, led the campaign for a permanent home.

Authority officials said the Ramirez family will stay at the Red Hook project shelter until a complete record of the case is documented. ALP and Tenant's Council officials plan to come back to the Authority in a few days if a permanent shelter is not found.

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U.S. Civic Leaders Urge Government Accept Nehru Mediation Proposal

By Ruby Cooper

Philly Peace Rally Wins Right to Street

PHILADELPHIA, July 27. — The right to use the streets for peace was reasserted here Wednesday evening when 100 Peace Crusaders brought their message to crowds

U. S. Seeks to Grab All Korea, Say Soviets

MOSCOW, July 27. — The U.S. invasion of Korea is aimed at the conquest of the entire country, it was declared today in the magazine, New Times. The magazine added that the invasion had increased the danger of a new world war.

"The scale and character of Washington's military undertakings show aggressive designs beyond Korea's borders," the New Times said.

"Truman ordered mobilization. The whole world knows the American Government intends to increase the Army, Air Force and Navy to a level far exceeding the requirements for aggression in Korea."

The New Times editorial was devoted to Premier Joseph Stalin's reply to Indian Prime Minister Pandit Nehru's mediation efforts, and said the Soviets had expressed readiness to insure peace through the Security Council but the United States turned down the offer.

The "New Times" said regulation of the Korean problem by the Security Council was the "normal expedient method" but that the Security Council was not the Security Council when two of the five permanent members were absent. It urged admission of the Chinese government.

An article in Izvestia meanwhile charged the western powers with maintaining military and semi-military organizations of 500,000 men in Germany under the jurisdiction of a single unified staff.

A Moscow broadcast monitored in London said the three western powers had built up the force for aggression and concealed it under various disguises and that it was commanded by two of Adolf Hitler's top generals, Heinz Guderian and Franz Halder.

of central city shoppers in front of Market Street stores. Police, who have to date arrested 21 men and women here, and connived at several hoodlum attacks on neighborhood peace rallies, stood by, as working men and women, doing their Wednesday night shopping, signed the World Peace Appeal. Thousands of leaflets were distributed during the one-hour peace demonstrations. Pickets paraded with the slogan: "BAN THE A-BOMB."

"It was a major victory," Sylvia Beitscher, executive secretary of the Crusaders for Peace, told the demonstrators when they reassembled at Progressive Party headquarters to turn in their petitions.

"Your mobilization showed that while there are differences of opinion among the people, when you go out to get signatures you get them. The right to get signatures was established without interference."

The enthusiastic peace fighters shouted "Yes" when Mrs. Beitscher asked if they wanted to go out in further mass mobilizations.

CHICAGO, July 27. — A statement issued here yesterday by the Committee for Peaceful Alternatives urged the U. S. "to act in good faith to achieve a peaceful solution to the Korean affair" by accepting the mediation proposal of Indian Prime Minister Nehru.

The statement was issued with the backing of the many prominent churchmen, educators, Negro leaders, scientists and authors elected to head the committee at the recent national Mid-Century conference for peace held here last May.

Honorary chairmen of the broad grouping are Thomas Mann, Nobel prize winning author and Bishop W. J. Walls, A. M. E. Zion Church and member of the executive committee of the World Council of Churches. The four active co-chairmen are: Rabbi

Abraham Cronbach, Hebrew Union College, Cincinnati; Prof. Kermit Eby, University of Chicago; Dr. W. H. Jernagin, Fraternal Council of Negro Churches, Washington, D. C.; Andean John B. Thompson, Rockefeller Memorial Chapel University of Chicago.

The policy statement on the Korea war declared, "Koreans and Americans are dying in Korea. Unless the impasse which now exists in Korea is ended, many more Koreans and Americans, and perhaps Russians, Chinese and Europeans will also die, and with this eventuality rides the extinction of our civilization."

STILL TIME

"But no matter how grave the crisis and how late the hour, there is yet time to avert the ultimate and final catastrophe," the statement added.

"Two facts transcend all others: Russia has not entered the war and the atom bomb has not been

(Continued on Page 8)

Koreans Free 2 More Cities

The Korean People's Army continued to advance eastward to Pusan yesterday, liberating the port of Suncheon, 90 miles west of Pusan and the harbor city of Yosu, 20 miles

southeast of Suncheon. The People's Radio at Pyongyang also said Korean forces drove off MacArthur warships which shelled Yosu and sank one of them.

United Press dispatches from the war theaters and MacArthur's releases made vague claims that the Koreans were being pushed back on virtually all fronts.

MacArthur made a very brief visit to Korea, after which he predicted "new setbacks" and "ultimate victory."

UP correspondents expressed the belief that the Koreans would launch new major offensives and

that decisive battles might begin in the next 24 hours.

All Korean civilian refugees who encounter MacArthur's troops are being turned over to Syngman Rhee's fascist police, it was reported.

Dispatches claimed MacArthur's forces recaptured Hamyang, 80 miles west-northwest of Pusan.

MacArthur's bombers again attacked the North Korean city of Pyongyang where earlier attacks, according to three eyewitness correspondents, were blind bombing raids on civilians.

Rev. Fletcher, DuBois To Address Aug. 2 Rally

The New York Labor Conference for Peace yesterday announced a partial list of speakers who will address the peace rally in Union Square on Wednesday, Aug. 2, 5 p.m.

The demonstration is being organized around the slogans: "Help Save American Lives! Help Prevent World War III! Outlaw the A-Bomb!"

Speakers include Dr. W. E. B. DuBois, chairman of the Peace Information Center; Rev. Joseph Fletcher, Professor of Social Ethics, School of Divinity, Cambridge, Mass.; Paul Robeson, artist.

Labor leaders who will speak include Leon Straus, executive secretary, Fur Dressers and Dyers Joint Board; Aaron Schneider, regional director, United Office and Professional Workers Union; Charles Fay, president Local 475, United Electrical Workers and chairman of the Brooklyn Labor Conference for Peace; Charles A. Collins, chairman of the Culinary Workers Peace Committee in the hotel, restaurant and club industry.

A highlight of the meeting will be a report from a delegation

which saw Andrew W. Cordier, executive assistant to Trygve Lie, on Tuesday. The delegations, which consisted of several labor leaders whose unions represent 500,000 workers, declared after the meeting that Lie's aide categorically refused to give assurances that atomic weapons would not be used in Korea. The threat of worldwide atomic war heightens the urgency of the Aug. 2 demonstration, according to the sponsors of the rally.

The New York Labor Conference for Peace also made public yesterday a cable from the London Peace Conference accepting a proposal for a competition between New York City and London on obtaining 1,000,000 signatures on the World Peace Appeal to outlaw atomic weapons. The London cable declared: "atomaniacs must lose."

TIMES SQ. CROWDS SEE RALLY FOR McGEE, MARTINSVILLE 7

Tens of thousands of Times Square theatre goers watched with great intent Wednesday night's spirited demonstration celebrating the victories in winning stays of execution for Willie McGee, framed Mississippi Negro, and the framed seven Negroes in Martinsville, Va.

The demonstration was carried out successfully exactly according to plan. At 10:15 p.m. 1,500 demonstrators in the heart of the Great White Way began shouting their demands to stop the legal lynching plans. And at 10:45 p.m.

a half hour later, the demonstrators rapidly and efficiently dispersed — as agreed upon.

Daily Worker reporters saw thousands of men and women reading the leaflet distributed by the demonstrators with its explanation of the two cases of lynching justice and its call to the people to send their protests by wire.

The leaflet carried a last minute "Victory Flash!" on the back, with the glad announcement that the executions of the eight victims

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Truman to Ask 2nd Payroll Tax Increase

By Rob F. Hall

WASHINGTON, July 27. — President Truman said today that if he decides to impose price controls and rationing, he will include a wage freeze and manpower controls. Wages are

already lagging far behind price increases. He said, he does not plan to ask Congress for any additional powers at this time. That would be all-out mobilization, Truman told his press conference, and he hopes it will not be necessary.

Truman said he did not intend to ask for a tax on excess profits at this time, describing such a tax as very controversial. After the elections, he said, he will submit to Congress proposals for an over all tax program which will raise taxes above the 20 percent hike he recommended on Tuesday. He did not say whether it would include an excess profits tax.

Truman's announcement on controls was contradicted by reports that further controls will be broached before Labor Day. One reporter told the President she heard a rumor that rationing cards are now being printed.

Truman's tight linking of wage freeze with price controls was significant in view of the increasing blockade on Capitol Hill for more

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TRUMAN SAYS HE WON'T USE ATOM BOMB 'NOW'

Washington, July 27. — A reporter labor and church groups, both here and abroad. The President's negative answer today was interpreted as an attempt to reassure public opinion and repair if possible the damage to the administration's peaceful protestations.

His statement that he does not plan at this time to drop the A-bomb in Korea, however, was not interpreted as a pledge that at some time in the future he would not change his mind.

WHOLESALE PRICES UP 13%

Wholesale prices on wheat, sugar, coffee, butter and hides have jumped an average of 13 percent since the beginning of the Korean war, it was announced yesterday by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The price increase means that there will be further hikes at the retail level. Retail price increases on such commodities as bread have already gone up.

Cigarette prices were expected to go up momentarily following the announcement by the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co. of a wholesale price increase.

Launch Farm Reform In Liberated Korea

PYONGYANG, July 27 (NCNA).—The carrying out of agrarian reform in the southern half of Korea was the subject of an order issued recently by the Permanent Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Korean People's Democratic Republic.

SOVIET SCIENTISTS FIND BUILDINGS IN SEA BOTTOM

LONDON, July 24 (UP).—Soviet scientists have discovered the remains of buildings thousands of years old at the bottom of the Caspian Sea, a Tass dispatch broadcast by Radio Moscow said today.

An abandoned town named Kizyl Tashe also was found by scientists conducting research in the Caspian area, Tass said. This town

was abandoned long ago when the bay of Kaidak became shallow and water sources were exhausted. Tass said 200 houses were preserved in the town.

Tass said the expedition also is searching for the town of Chor-tovo Lgorodische which, according to legend, was submerged years ago. This town is supposed to be near the mouth of the river Kura, Tass said.

2 MEAT UNIONS PLAN JOINT ACTION FOR PAY HIKE

CHICAGO, July 27.—United action by their two unions in negotiations with the meat-packers was announced in a joint statement by presidents Ralph Helstein, CIO Packinghouse Workers, and Earl Jimerson, AFL Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen.

"Our unions will work together in these negotiations to stop the back-breaking speedup, raise wages and establish a decent pension and insurance program for the packinghouse workers," the union presidents declared.

In last year's negotiations, the packers were quickly forced into line because of the unity agreement.

More than 90 percent of the production and maintenance work-

ers in the meat industry are represented by the two unions.

Negotiations are in process with Armour & Co. Meetings with the other major packers are to be held soon.

"At the expense of the public," Jimerson and Helstein said, "sky-rocketing meat prices are sending packer profits to new peaks. The packers are turning out higher volumes of productions while ruthlessly cutting labor costs. Longer periods of layoffs and reduced work opportunities actually have lowered the annual earnings of our members."

"In addition, heavier job loads and inhuman speedup methods are undermining the health of the packinghouse workers."

The order states that agrarian reform measures will be carried out in the southern half of Korea, in accordance with Article 7 of the Constitution of the Korean People's Democratic Republic, in order to transform (speedily) the backward rural economy and give freedom and a better standard of living to the peasants of south Korea who have been liberated from the criminal rule of the American-inspired Syngman Rhee regime. Agrarian reform will be based on the principle of confiscation without compensation, and distribution without charge.

The order stipulates that all exorbitant taxes imposed by the puppet government upon the peasants are abolished. The peasants in south Korea are required to pay to the State only the same tax in kind as that paid by the peasants in north Korea. And to help the south Korean peasants to recuperate from their terrible past, the rate of tax in kind for south Korea during the course of 1950 will be considerably reduced.

The order also stipulates that the peasants may dispose at will of the remainder of their farm products after they have paid the tax. The Council of Ministers has the task of safeguarding the interests of the toiling peasants and helping them in every way within the framework of economic policy.

A detailed program for carrying out agrarian reform in south Korea is being worked out by the Council of Ministers.

Urges Bigger Effort To Get A-Bomb Ban

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—"The world stands at the threshold of World War III and it is imperative that the American people redouble their efforts to secure the peace, to ban the atombomb and to brand as a war criminal any government which first uses atomic weapons," Sam De Maria, chairman of Crusaders for Peace, declared today.

"Events in Korea," said De Maria, "have greatly sharpened the immediate danger of a third world war. These events are taking place in a world situation where there is no agreement to ban the atombomb and point out the need, more clearly than ever before, for the immediate necessity of the outlawing of the bomb."

"The demand for the use of the A-bomb again in the Far East from war-crazed atomaniacs dramatizes and heightens the need for immediate agreement to ban the atombomb."

"The demand of the American people for peace must be heard. The campaign to secure 250,000 signatures in Philadelphia to the world peace appeal will move forward in high gear."

a member of the UN Commission. Thus an uneasy silence is being maintained by the Truman administration and its vest-pocket UN as to the exact identity of the man who now speaks for the world body in Korea.

Liu Yu-wan was the Kuomintang's consul general in Seoul before he was named to the UN post. As such he was in a key position as liaison between Syngman Rhee and Chiang. Last August, Rhee and Chiang held a conference. Undoubtedly, at that time, and since, the Rhee invasion of North Korea was discussed.

Liu Yu-wan was thus a convenient choice as the head of the UN "team" stationed in Korea to "observe" the fighting. He promptly reported, not as the fascist Kuomintang agent that he is, but in his capacity as "impartial" UN representative, that his master's ally had been "attacked."

In addition to his permanent post as head of the UN Commission team remaining in Korea (other commission members have gone to Tokyo), Liu Yu-wan for the next three weeks will chair the commission under its rotation plan.

Other members of the UN Commission are from Australia, Canada, El Salvador, France, India, Syria and the Philippines. The Soviet Ukraine was originally named to the Wall Street-dominated Commission, but never served, protesting the use of the UN to approve the anti-democratic "Ja" election in South Korea and the repression of democratic organizations and unions.

Dennis to Spend 46th Birthday in Jail

On Aug. 10, Eugene Dennis' 46th birthday, the general secretary of the Communist Party will have served nearly three months of a year's sentence for refusing to bow to the illegal political inquisition conducted by the Un-American Activities Committee. Dennis has been in jail since May 13. He is in the Federal House of Detention at 427 West St. The Dennis Defense Committee is urging all friends of Dennis and all who are opposed to the persecution that sent him to jail to send him birthday greetings.

MINE, MILL BOARD NOTES FAILURE OF CIO 'BLITZ'

DENVER, July 25 (FP).—The International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers (unaffiliated) executive board reported failure of a five-month "all-out blitz" raid upon our membership by Philip Murray, using the staff of his steelworkers' union and of the CIO.

In a statement adopted July 14, the board said: "Though there have been some casualties, not one major section of our far-flung union has been breached. The great majority of our members have stood firm for their true interests despite the efforts of several hundred steel and CIO payrollers, hundreds of thousands of dollars for radio, newspapers and leaflets, despite smearing and red-baiting unrestrained by any standards of

truth or decency, despite appeals to racial and religious prejudice."

The "blitz" was only the first phase, the board said, reporting that "the steelworkers' payrollers are digging in at many places for long sieges. . . . Steel payrollers in some places have admitted they have no hope of winning over our membership, but have said their assignment is to watch for every chance to snipe at our local unions, interfere with grievance settlements, attack our solidarity. . . ."

"Thus the dues money of the steelworkers and other CIO members is being used to disorganize the organized, to do violence to every principle upon which the CIO was built."

McGee Delegate Philly Hearing Describes Thugs' Attack

CHICAGO, July 27.—Sidney Ordower, Progressive Party candidate for U. S. Senator, returned here from Mississippi last night badly beaten by lynch-frenzied mobsters.

Ordower, much-decorated veteran of World War II, and commissioned as a captain on the battlefield for his valor, was a member of the delegation to Mississippi to save the life of Willie McGee.

Ordower was heavily bandaged around the head, his right hand was swollen, and he was suffering from a severe back injury.

Informed by reporters that McGee had been granted a stay of execution, Ordower's first words were: "It was worth a beating to help save the life of an innocent man."

Ordower said he and John Poole, attorney for McGee, were assaulted by a band of 20 men as the climax to a day-long campaign of terrorism. A gang lying in wait attacked him and Poole when they arrived at the airport in Jackson where Ordower was to take a plane to Chicago.

"I was clouted by brass knucks repeatedly," Ordower said, "and I felt that I was really fighting for my life."

"I protected myself as best I could but they were swarming all over me, every one of them taking a crack at me."

He displayed his jacket, from which both sleeves were ripped loose. His trousers were torn and blotted with blood.

Ordower said he staggered to the plane, where the stewardess administered first aid.

Earlier, Ordower had been threatened and followed by men brandishing lead pipes at the railroad station, to which he escorted two women members of the delegation.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Ralph Ditchek and Leymond Slough, two young members of the Peace Caravan, continue in Holmesburg prison here under \$20,000 bail each for a hearing Monday at Magistrate's Court, 19th and Oxford streets, at 9 a.m. They face frame-up charges of disorderly conduct resisting arrest and suspicion of burglary and larceny. Police stopped and searched their car early Thursday morning and found peace material in it.

The larceny charge was supposedly based on the possession of a friend's government check they had, but this friend told authorities yesterday he had authorized them to hold his check until he saw them.

Last night, the Evening Bulletin featured a large reprint of the World Peace Appeal, as part of the material in the caravan's car.

The Bulletin's story asserted, "Their automobile contained briefcases filled with propaganda against the United States." It described a 1948 pamphlet, published by the Women's International Democratic Federation, which it said criticized American military occupation policies in South Korea since V-J Day.

UN Bases Korea War On Chiang Agent's Data

By Robert Friedman

An agent of the fascist Kuomintang who served as go-between for Chiang Kai-shek and Syngman Rhee was the man who gave the United Nations its "eye-witness" report of the alleged North Korean "invasion." The man is Liu Yu-wan, is today the chairman of the UN's Commission on Korea and the head of the UN "team" ordered to send "objective" reports on the Korean fighting to the world body.

The American people and the world were told, when the South Korean regime of Syngman Rhee attacked north of the 38th Parallel, that reports of an "invasion" from the North were "confirmed" by the UN's Korean Commission. The people were told that the reports were tendered the Commission by the Rhee government.

But the people were told—and have not been told still—that the report came from a representative of fascist Chiang and his paper government, from a man who represents nobody and is illegally

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Thirty-three inches, 1.70 per line; Thirty-four inches, 1.75 per line; Thirty-five inches, 1.80 per line; Thirty-six inches, 1.85 per line; Thirty-seven inches, 1.90 per line; Thirty-eight inches, 1.95 per line; Thirty-nine inches, 2.00 per line; Forty inches, 2.05 per line; Forty-one inches, 2.10 per line; Forty-two inches, 2.15 per line; Forty-three inches, 2.20 per line; Forty-four inches, 2.25 per line; Forty-five inches, 2.30 per line; Forty-six inches, 2.35 per line; Forty-seven inches, 2.40 per line; Forty-eight inches, 2.45 per line; Forty-nine inches, 2.50 per line; Fifty inches, 2.55 per line; Fifty-one inches, 2.60 per line; Fifty-two inches, 2.65 per line; Fifty-three inches, 2.70 per line; Fifty-four inches, 2.75 per line; Fifty-five inches, 2.80 per line; Fifty-six inches, 2.85 per line; Fifty-seven inches, 2.90 per line; Fifty-eight inches, 2.95 per line; Fifty-nine inches, 3.00 per line; Sixty inches, 3.05 per line; Sixty-one inches, 3.10 per line; Sixty-two inches, 3.15 per line; Sixty-three inches, 3.20 per line; Sixty-four inches, 3.25 per line; Sixty-five inches, 3.30 per line; Sixty-six inches, 3.35 per line; Sixty-seven inches, 3.40 per line; Sixty-eight inches, 3.45 per line; Sixty-nine inches, 3.50 per line; Seventy inches, 3.55 per line; Seventy-one inches, 3.60 per line; Seventy-two inches, 3.65 per line; Seventy-three inches, 3.70 per line; Seventy-four inches, 3.75 per line; Seventy-five inches, 3.80 per line; Seventy-six inches, 3.85 per line; Seventy-seven inches, 3.90 per line; Seventy-eight inches, 3.95 per line; Seventy-nine inches, 4.00 per line; Eighty inches, 4.05 per line; Eighty-one inches, 4.10 per line; Eighty-two inches, 4.15 per line; Eighty-three inches, 4.20 per line; Eighty-four inches, 4.25 per line; Eighty-five inches, 4.30 per line; Eighty-six inches, 4.35 per line; Eighty-seven inches, 4.40 per line; Eighty-eight inches, 4.45 per line; Eighty-nine inches, 4.50 per line; Ninety inches, 4.55 per line; Ninety-one inches, 4.60 per line; Ninety-two inches, 4.65 per line; Ninety-three inches, 4.70 per line; Ninety-four inches, 4.75 per line; Ninety-five inches, 4.80 per line; Ninety-six inches, 4.85 per line; Ninety-seven inches, 4.90 per line; Ninety-eight inches, 4.95 per line; Ninety-nine inches, 5.00 per line; One hundred inches, 5.05 per line; One hundred one inches, 5.10 per line; One hundred two inches, 5.15 per line; One hundred three inches, 5.20 per line; One hundred four inches, 5.25 per line; One hundred five inches, 5.30 per line; One hundred six inches, 5.35 per line; One hundred seven inches, 5.40 per line; One hundred eight inches, 5.45 per line; One hundred nine inches, 5.50 per line; One hundred ten inches, 5.55 per line; One hundred eleven inches, 5.60 per line; One hundred twelve inches, 5.65 per line; One hundred thirteen inches, 5.70 per line; One hundred fourteen inches, 5.75 per line; One hundred fifteen inches, 5.80 per line; One hundred sixteen inches, 5.85 per line; One hundred seventeen inches, 5.90 per line; One hundred eighteen inches, 5.95 per line; One hundred nineteen inches, 6.00 per line; One hundred twenty inches, 6.05 per line; One hundred twenty one inches, 6.10 per line; One hundred twenty two inches, 6.15 per line; One hundred twenty three inches, 6.20 per line; One hundred twenty four inches, 6.25 per line; One hundred twenty five inches, 6.30 per line; One hundred twenty six inches, 6.35 per line; One hundred twenty seven inches, 6.40 per line; One hundred twenty eight inches, 6.45 per line; One hundred twenty nine inches, 6.50 per line; One hundred thirty inches, 6.55 per line; One hundred thirty one inches, 6.60 per line; One hundred thirty two inches, 6.65 per line; One hundred thirty three inches, 6.70 per line; One hundred thirty four inches, 6.75 per line; One hundred thirty five inches, 6.80 per line; One hundred thirty six inches, 6.85 per line; One hundred thirty seven inches, 6.90 per line; One hundred thirty eight inches, 6.95 per line; One hundred thirty nine inches, 7.00 per line; One hundred forty inches, 7.05 per line; One hundred forty one inches, 7.10 per line; One hundred forty two inches, 7.15 per line; One hundred forty three inches, 7.20 per line; One hundred forty four inches, 7.25 per line; One hundred forty five inches, 7.30 per line; One hundred forty six inches, 7.35 per line; One hundred forty seven inches, 7.40 per line; One hundred forty eight inches, 7.45 per line; One hundred forty nine inches, 7.50 per line; One hundred fifty inches, 7.55 per line; One hundred fifty one inches, 7.60 per line; One hundred fifty two inches, 7.65 per line; One hundred fifty three inches, 7.70 per line; One hundred fifty four inches, 7.75 per line; One hundred fifty five inches, 7.80 per line; One hundred fifty six inches, 7.85 per line; One hundred fifty seven inches, 7.90 per line; One hundred fifty eight inches, 7.95 per line; One hundred fifty nine inches, 8.00 per line; One hundred sixty inches, 8.05 per line; One hundred sixty one inches, 8.10 per line; One hundred sixty two inches, 8.15 per line; 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Robbers Under A Stolen Flag

By Israel Epstein
Allied Labor News

FOR OVER A YEAR, in the Trusteeship Council of the United Nations which deals with "non-selfgoverning territories" in Asia and Africa, a debate has raged over the use of the UN flag. Representatives of some of the non-colonial powers in the Council have been contending that the UN flag should fly jointly with the flag of the "trustee power" over such regions. The colonial "trustee powers," however, have successfully resisted this idea. Their argument has been that it would "divide the loyalty" of the "natives" under their rule.

In the Korean war, by contrast, it took only a few days for the UN, as now constituted, to send its flag and blessings to the forces of Gen. Douglas MacArthur.

The UN flag now flies over American troops which almost every frontline press dispatch describes as so infected with white supremacy that they apply the racist term "gook" to the Koreans whom they are fighting—in the Koreans' own country.

The arrival of the flags has been described in high-flown poetic terms by correspondents who, sometimes in the same stories, refer to U. S. forces as battling against "fanatic Oriental hordes"—forgetting that the fight is taking place in the Orient in the name of supposed self-determination for the Koreans, most of whom admittedly favor the other side.

THE BIGGEST FLAG of all flies over the headquarters of MacArthur, who received his baptism of fire fighting against the Filipino in-

dependence movement and whose whole psychology is racist and colonial. Four years before the Korean war, Gen. Bonner Fellers, a member of MacArthur's staff, told Chicago Sun-Times correspondent Mark Gayn that MacArthur shared "the conviction that the conflict between the Mongol-Slav hordes of the East and the civilized peoples of the West will be resolved on the battlefield." In speaking to two other correspondents, George Ward Price of the London Daily Mail and David Senter of the New York Journal-American, MacArthur himself said less than a year ago that his mission was to bring "American initiative and business enterprise" to the Far East and that "50 years' experience dealing with Orientals" had taught him that force was the best way to deal with "the Oriental mind."

The only other countries other than the U. S. which have pledged actual armed forces to fight under the UN flag in Korea were enumerated in a revealing statement by UN Secretary-General Trygve Lie in a July 14 press interview. Lie said: "I think we already have a lot of nations in the fighting forces: New Zealand, Australia, Canada, United Kingdom. France has agreed to send a cruiser. There is the Netherlands and then you have Australian fighters. It is a United Nations action."

Does this make it a United Nations action? France is a colonial power engaged in a bloody war against the people of Viet Nam (Indo-China), who have fought for independence for five years without UN aid in asserting this right, which the UN Charter guarantees. The Netherlands carried on an equally bloody war in Indonesia without being arraigned in the UN. The first four countries Lie mentioned belong to the British Empire, which is fighting against the independence movement of the people of Malaya.

A KOREAN could not possibly find a home in Australia, with her "white Australia" policy; nor could he acquire citizenship by naturalization in either the U. S. or Canada because of various racial exclusions and limitations.

The British, French and Dutch governments were precisely the ones which refused to give the UN flag a place in trust areas.

Chief UN representative with MacArthur's headquarters is Col. Alfred Katzin of South Africa—a member, of course, of South Africa's 10 percent white minority, not the 90 percent Negro majority of its people. Katzin's government has just passed the most vicious racial legislation.

Over two-thirds of the world's population is not white. The UN is supposed to represent the world. Yet the UN flag flies over the armies of white supremacy countries fighting against a non-white people in their own land. No wonder these people are neither overawed nor suffused with deep respect for a UN which has so discredited itself. The world organization, when it began, appeared to them as a great hope. The UN, 1950 model, can have but one lesson—that only their own struggle will win them freedom, and that the UN is not their ally in this fight.

VIRGIL

By Len Kleis



Letters from Readers

9 of 13 in Plant
Dep't Sign for Peace

PHILADELPHIA.

Editor, The Worker:

Nine out of 13 workers in our department have answered the new danger of world war by signing the World Peace Appeal. The majority of those who signed were Catholics. Two were Jewish, one Negro, five were draft-age youth. Only three think we should pull out of Korea. The rest think Truman's action was necessary.

A real impetus to the signature drive came when a militant union woman's son was sent to Korea. The day she received the telegram on his departure, she came to work in tears. Her husband is dead, and her two sons are her whole family.

The still elementary level of the peace work is seen by the fact that a small group of American Legion inspired workers succeeded in stampeding a number of people to sign a scrawled petition to "Drop A Bomb on Russia." However, none of the Stockholm pledge signers repudiated their signatures.

Workers signed in spite of the Philadelphia Inquirer's daily attacks on the peace petitions, Acheson's blast and the hysteria of some workers who cried: "Don't sign that or you'll go to jail," etc.

In addition, five workers on the night shift have signed the pledge and six people in other departments have asked for petitions to circulate.

L. T., LOCAL 155,
United Electrical Workers.

Press Roundup

THE NEWS headlines: "Milk, Cigs Up 1c; War Not Guilty." We understand. It's not Wall Street profiteering. It's us greedy consumers, hoarding all that milk.

THE MIRROR wants to know. "Who is responsible?" Who "produced this war in Korea?" No, the Mirror isn't really looking for the culprits in Wall Street, it's lining up Republicans to pin what Hearst anticipates as defeat on the Democrats.

THE COMPASS' Max Werner says the Korean Army's "next objective is to win the battle of Pusan NOT by the siege of the area and the last assault, but 'preventively', on the way to Pusan."

THE JOURNAL-AMERICAN says that Congress should stay in Washington and not go home for vacation. The Hearst idea seems to be that the American boys dying in Korea will be gratified to know that Congress is on the job passing reactionary legislation.

THE POST, whimpering at the thought that "a million New Yorkers" will soon have signed the World Peace Appeal, still hopes that "democratic Americans will understand the trick..." The Post, of course,

has no room for an editorial on Willie McGee. In its degenerate Social Democratic way, the only time the Post bothers to mention jimmie is to whine that it "helps" the Communists.

THE TIMES, which is so concerned about proving that it's not a "white man's war" against Korea, buries amid the ads on the next to the last page the news of McGee's reprieve. The Times thinks protestations will convince bombed Korean civilians, and that suppressing the news of jimmie and the fight against it, will keep it from the Negro people.

THE HERALD TRIBUNE'S Walter Lippmann writes: "We must prepare for the possibility that Pusan may not be held." And the "terrible but inescapable fact" is that for a new invasion "we shall have to destroy by air bombardment all the principal cities... of North and South Korea." Meanwhile, "the North Korean Communists will have had many months to reunite the artificially divided country, to carry out the land reforms, to liquidate the reactionaries who have dominated the government of Syngman Rhee. At the worst we shall find the mass of the people regarding us as foreign invaders." —R.F.

Crisis In Negro Rights

Following is the concluding portion of the Statement of Principles adopted in Chicago by the National Trade Union Conference for Negro Rights:

THE SMALL GROUP which hated Roosevelt for "fighting the wrong war," and for issuing executive order 8802 establishing the Fair Employment Practices Committee, is the same group which now more and more calls the tune. This group contains many who believe that Hitler should have won the war; many who are tied to Nazi industrialists through cartels, making profits out of both sides in the recent war, and many Southern bourgeois who long preceded the Nazis in promulgating supremacy ideas and in using barbaric, brute force against those whom they decree to be "inferior." Should war break out with this gang in the saddle, who can be so naive as to expect gains for our people under such conditions?

This is the group which is now going to our people what it would have liked to do during the recent war, and which it will surely do a thousand times faster should the present cold war be transformed into a hot atomic war.

And because neither we nor the peoples of the world want any part of this, we join hands with hundreds of millions throughout the world in pledging to stay the hand that would drop the atom bomb, in naming that government which first drops the bomb from now on as a war criminal.

We declare that there are those high in the councils of labor who, mistakenly or otherwise, seek to blind the eyes of the people to these facts. The failure of Operation Dixie, the failure in prac-

George Morris is on vacation. His column, World of Labor, will be resumed on his return.

tise to defend the job and economic rights of black labor by such labor leaders, is largely due to their acceptance of the hysteria-breeding cold war philosophy which engenders division and distrust in place of unity and mutual confidence among peoples.

THERE CAN be no justification for those who speak in our name and in labor's name who sanction billions for war while non-discriminatory housing is denied our people; while TB and other dread diseases continue to take their heavy toll of Negro lives; while education and job opportunities are denied our youth and women.

There can be no justification for those leaders of labor and of our people who sanction and even take part in the unbridled cold-war hysteria under cover of which the rights of minority groups and organized labor are being scuttled.

There can be no justified defense of those who seek to tempt us into support of the cold war by promising us jobs and advancement at the expense of the lives and wages of peoples, colored and white, in colonial and other lands who would be slaughtered by the millions in such a war, even as one American general predicted 20 million American dead in an atomic war. To these false prophets within our ranks, we reaffirm with the immortal Lincoln that the strongest bond which unites people is the bond of labor, the brotherhood of working people the world over.

To those who would speak in our name and in labor's name who tell us there is no special problem before Negro America and therefore no need for a special fight for our rights, we reply that the problem which exists is not of our making. The supremacist ideas and practices of the Wall Street-Southern bourgeois gang has brought about the jimmie of which we, the Negro people, are the victims; it is we who are subjected to special discrimination and special segregation, which hurts not us alone, but which so long as it exists is used to force down the standards of white workers to the lower levels enforced upon us.

It is, therefore, in the interests of all laboring men and women, white as well as black, to unite to fight against this special condition, and to understand that such a fight can only be waged by special efforts and special means.

TO THOSE who counsel patience and waiting 2,000 years, we declare that the atomic age waits on no one, that the good things and necessities of life have ever been fought for by the living generation. Only those who are content with injustice and inequality can leave their abolition to generations yet unborn. To those among our leaders and in the leadership of labor who would compromise our struggle, we serve notice that what was fought for in 1776 and 1861 is long overdue us, that the struggle for our just and equal rights can brook no compromise.

To those who would scare us from fighting for our righteous demands with the cries of "red," we declare that the hardship and terror imposed on Negro America on the pretext of its black

(Continued on Page 8)

COMING: J. P. MORGAN'S STAKE IN KOREA... SEE THE WORKER THIS WEEKEND

Daily Worker

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The Surprised Lynchers

(Continued from Page 2)

supremacy system of jimcrow segregation. Self-determination of the Negro people. Death to the lynchers."

And there are—
China and Korea.

THE WILLIE MCGEE'S OF CHINA AND KOREA—the darker peoples despised and enslaved by the "white supremacy" mobs for generations—are standing up for freedom, and winning it.

All Asia is aflame as the colored peoples in Malaya, Indo-China, the Philippines, Indonesia act to throw off the "white supremacy" lynch terror.

Africa seethes like a volcano as the black man's anger and revolt mutters like coming lightning and thunder.

From far away New China came the message in defense of Willie McGee to the Governor of Mississippi. Just a humble Negro in Mississippi seized for a legal lynching "to keep the n—r in his place," and the 450,000,000 Chinese people, led by the Communists, hurled their anger across the great Pacific to save the innocent victim of "white supremacy." This is indeed the new miracle of our time which the racists waging war in Korea and Asia will not find it easy to ignore.

THE VIRGINIA courts could not ignore this force, as the Martinsville "seven," defended by attorneys of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, were also snatched for the moment from the hands of the executioner "for rape." This organized mass murder of seven Negroes has not been fully brought before the bar of world opinion as it should be.

For the moment, the intended Negro victims will not be dragged to the electric chair.

But their danger is very great.

Mobs yesterday attacked the CRC delegation that visited the Mississippi governor. Newsmen have been beaten. McGee was struck even as he was moved by police. A lynch spirit rages in Jackson, Miss. McGee and the Martinsville "seven" must be protected and liberated as innocent men! The protests must double and redouble now if the Negro victims of frame-up are to be fully rescued from the jaws of death!

Are Wage Cuts 'Patriotic'?

BIG BUSINESS IS GETTING the contracts.

But American labor is getting the check.

First, President Truman informed Labor that he wants to take another 20 percent out of their weekly pay envelopes. This is on top of the 15 percent tax grab that goes on now.

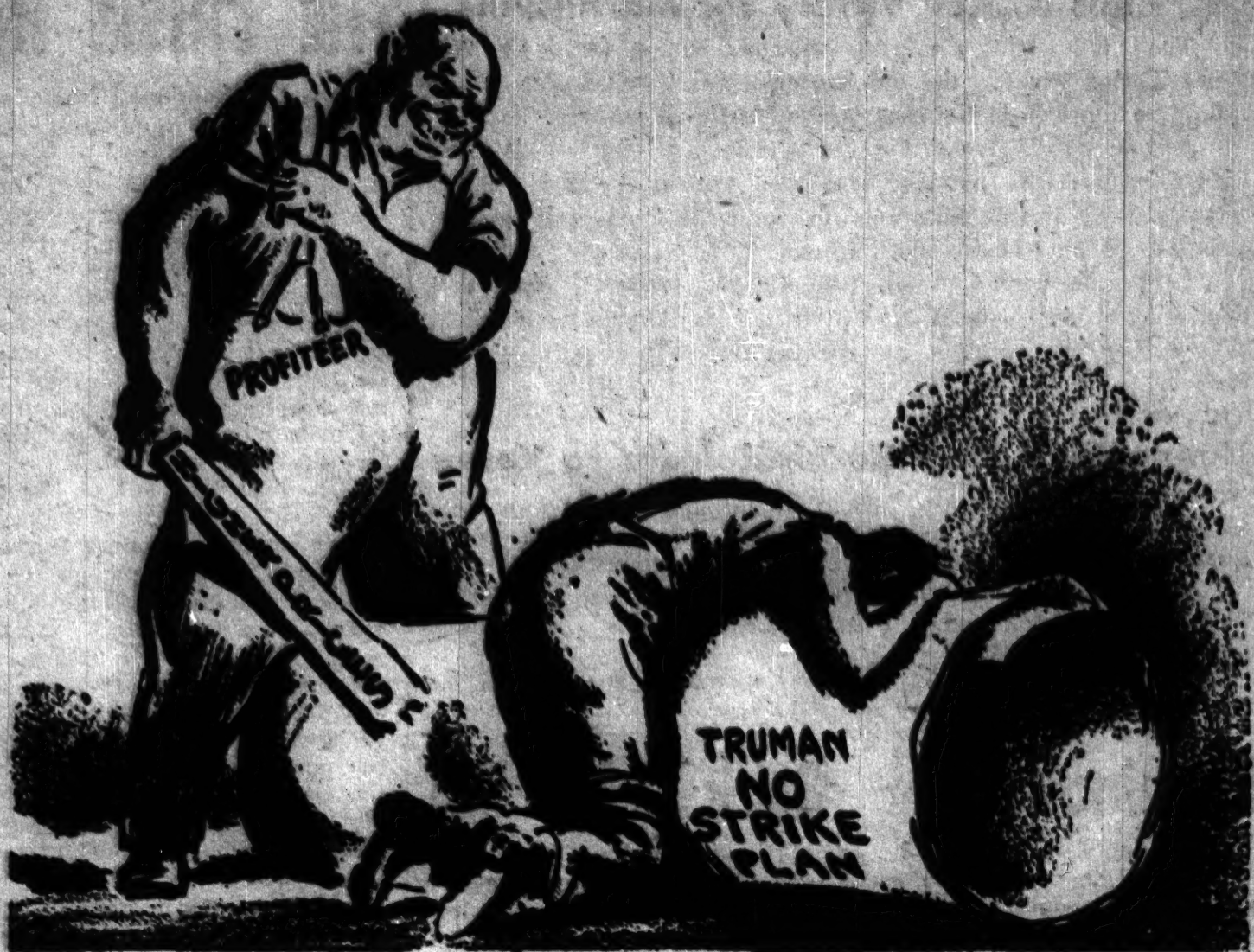
Now, Truman wants Labor to put its hands into the handcuffs of a "no strike" setup in the midst of the rampant profiteering of the employers. "Work stoppages in vital industries are something we simply cannot afford," he said in his economic report to the nation.

Amazing! American workers were being laid off in auto, textile, electrical, etc., plants all through 1949 and early '50. Nobody heard the White House sternly inform the corporations to quit throwing American workers into the street. Now, however, with living costs soaring, Truman wants Labor to give up its own defenses.

President Truman's method for avoiding work stoppages is simplicity itself. He NEVER cracks down on the employers to grant Labor its just wage demands; he always applies the Big Stick to the working man. He broke the AFL switchmen's strike recently by threatening labor with the U. S. Army. He left the railroad trust strictly alone. He didn't touch a penny of their profits. Truman spurns disarmament for nations; but he advocates disarmament for Labor in its economic struggles.

IF TRUMAN WERE WORRIED about work stoppages as such, he could avoid them by the simple expedient of **FORCING THE CORPORATIONS TO GRANT LABOR'S MILD WAGE DEMANDS TO MEET THE RISING COST OF LIVING.** He would **FORCE** the trusts to accept **LOWER PROFITS** to pay higher wages. But Truman is using the war against Korean independence to jack up profits and cut real wages. In the name of patriotism, he is carrying through the **ECONOMIC PROGRAM OF THE BIG CORPORATIONS.**

THE SETUP



They Cry 'Communist,' But They Attack Liberty of All

By Arnold Johnson

A NEW DRIVE to outlaw the Communist Party and to suppress all peace sentiment endangers the liberties of all Americans today. The drive includes a combination of legislative, judicial and administrative acts from Washington. Within a brief

period, Police Commissioner Eugene "Bull" Connor of Birmingham, Ala. "outlawed" all Communists in that city. Police Chief Joe Kimsey of Knoxville, Tenn. called for the jailing of all Communists in that city. The Los Angeles City Council is considering an ordinance requiring the registration and police surveillance of all Communists including visitors, in the fourth largest city in the country. And the Detroit City Council prohibited the sale of newspapers and literature which oppose Wall Street's intervention war in Korea. Hoodlum actions in New York, California, New Jersey, and other states are part of the pattern.

In Congress, Republican Congressman Shaeffer, of Michigan, is cheered by Democrats when he calls for barbed wire concentration camps for Communists and supporters of Communists. In the Senate, the Democratic Party chiefs engage in a verbal battle with McCarthy Republicans and then proceed to rewrite the Mundt-Ferguson-Johnston Bill in order to claim the disgraceful pride of authorship for legislation which will cleverly outlaw the Communists and to scrap the Bill of Rights. Politicians in both parties are declaring that there is more than one way to outlaw the Communists—and at the same time admit that every method violates the Constitution and is mainly destructive of the rights of non-Communists.

THE JAILING of Eugene Dennis on May 12, is part of the plot to outlaw the Communists—and it was immediately followed by the jailing of writers, doctors, labor leaders, lawyers and other victims of the Un-American Activities Committee which is now proceeding with 59 more cases. Truman

claims credit for the "contempt" method of jailing opponents. The Foley Square case and the administration plan to imprison the leadership of the Communist Party is the beginning of a program of mass arrests to outlaw the Communist Party and every militant mass organization. Apparently, the administration is trying to find ways to speedup the court decisions, while also proceeding with Congressional action including a drive to pass the Hobbs Concentration Camp Bill which is directed against all the foreign born and the new version of the Mundt Bill as an Internal Security Bill.

The method of the administration in bringing forward its version of the Mundt Bill is in itself, revealing. The Internal Security Bill has passed the lower House as HR 4703. It has gone through the Senate Judiciary Committee and is on the Senate calendar as S 595. It can be called up by Sen. Lucas and the Democratic Policy Committee at any time.

This bill itself, is, an obviously unconstitutional act. When it is called on the Senate floor for debate and voting, then the Democrats will amend it to include their version of the Mundt Bill and thus avoid any committee consideration or public hearings on their version of how to outlaw the Communists. They will also open the way for the Republicans to make their Mundt Bill amendments. In this way, Sen. Lucas will try to evade his responsibility for bringing the Mundt Bill to the floor. However, it actually becomes a bipartisan bill to outlaw the Communist Party and to destroy all progressive organizations.

WHEN REPUBLICAN SEN. FERGUSON was told of the device which the Democrats intend to use, he immediately expressed the demand that the bill must contain the compulsory "registration" section. This is a trick to outlaw the Communist Party and to force it underground. This was originally advanced by the Democrats at the time that former Secretary of

Labor Schwellenbach proposed to outlaw the party.

This device is used in an effort to confuse people and to make it appear as if registration is some normal requirement although everybody knows that registration means firing from jobs, blacklisting, and subjecting people to arrest and what not, thus leading to the destruction of the Communist Party and making a mockery of the Bill of Rights. We would never be a partner to such a monstrous crime.

In Washington, the politicians also recognize that if the American people knew of the plot to outlaw the Communist Party, that the American people would not permit it. This was demonstrated when Schwellenbach made the proposal in 1946. It was demonstrated by the repeated mass opposition to the Mundt Bill.

People insist on their own right to judge the Communists, and people do not want the FBI, Sen. McCarthy or John Rankin or any other police authority to investigate their mail, their organization, or their homes, under the smokescreen of looking for the underground Communists.

The Negro people in fighting for their rights, the trade unionist in demanding a wage increase or adjustment of a grievance, the neighborhood organization in demanding playgrounds or a cleaner city, the peace organization in demanding the outlawing of the atom bomb—literally everybody in his own interest and regardless of their opinions about Communists has the responsibility to oppose any and every device which may be used to outlaw the Communist Party. The mass of the American people have the first responsibility to stop any such hysterical act of desperation.



CRC Hails NAACP Victory for Martinsville 7

The Civil Rights Congress yesterday congratulated the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People for winning a reprieve in the case of the Martinsville Seven.

In a wire to Walter White, NAACP national secretary, William L. Patterson, CRC national executive secretary, urged "united action of these two organizations" to secure the freedom of Negroes facing death on trumped-up charges.

Patterson's wire declared, "We are particularly thankful that this victory came immediately after our worldwide appeal had won a stay of execution for the innocent Mississippian, Willie McGee."

Hungarians Send Hospital Train to Korea

BUDAPEST, Hungary, July 27.—A hospital train was en route today to Korea, the Hungarian Government's contribution to the Korean people struggling against Wall Street imperialism.

The train for which Hungarians had subscribed about \$1,000,000, pulled out of Budapest last night on the long trip across Siberia to Pyongyang.

Fifteen Hungarian physicians and surgeons who will staff the train left by plane for Korea five days ago.

Birmingham

(Continued from Page 2)

would-be Hitlers try to do away with our Communist Party. And why they decree a law aimed at everyone who raises his voice for peace, liberty and social progress.

"But the Connors and Hitlers of this world do not have the last word. The Communist Party is in Birmingham to stay!"

COPY ORDINANCE

Commissioner Connor claims that a number of cities throughout the country are asking for copies of the fascist ordinance. Already Tarrant City, an industrial suburb of Birmingham, has adopted the same ordinance.

Following are the main provisions of the act:

"Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any officer or member of the Communist Party of this or any other country or countries to be within the corporate limits or police jurisdiction of the City of Birmingham in or upon any day after 48 hours after the date of publication of this ordinance and before cessation of hostilities in Korea against the armed forces of the United States."

The second section provides that each day shall constitute a separate offense under the ordinance.

"Section 3. It shall be prima facie evidence that a person is a member of such Communist Party if he shall engage in the circulation or distribution of any printed or written matter issued by or over the name of such Communist Party or any branch thereof, or if he shall engage in the circulation or distribution of any printed or written matter issued or purporting to have been issued by or over the name of any organization whose policy is controlled by any person or persons established to be or to have been a member or officer of such Communist Party by proof other than the prima facie evidence referred to in this section, or if he shall be found in any secret or non-public place in voluntary association or communication with any person or persons established to be or to have been a member of such Communist Party by proof other than the prima facie evidence referred to in this section."

Conviction under the ordinance would bring a maximum sentence of six months in jail and a \$100 fine. This sentence could be given for each day that the defendant was present in Birmingham since the act became law.

No arrests have been made under the ordinance, but the police department announced raids on eight homes in search of victims.

Cary, Ind., Peoria, Ill., Chattanooga, Tenn., Bessemer, Selma and Pell City, Ala., have asked for copies of the ordinance, Connor says.

Legal tests of the ordinance are certain, Alabama Communist leaders declare, but in view of the danger to the democracy of the whole country in this open fascist act, they call for a wave of protests from every section of the United States.

Protests should be held and written to: Mayor Connor, Green City Hall, Birmingham, Ala.

Back Nehru Bid

(Continued from Page 3)

dropped. These are contingencies which must and can be averted."

The six-point program urged:

- Support for the Nehru mediation proposal, asserting that "it is our responsibility to insist that our government indicate its willingness to act in good faith to achieve a peaceful solution to the Korean affair."

- Appointment of a representative United Nations Commission to seek a peaceful solution.

- A Call to Americans, North Koreans and South Koreans to "cease fire and await international efforts to reach a peaceful solution."

- A declaration by President Truman to make clear this country's respect for the independence and autonomy of other nations. "We emphasize this point because we believe the eyes of Asia are upon us, deciding (as they watch what occurs in Korea) whether we are for or against their aspirations for freedom."

- Approval of the idea of collective action for peace through the United Nations, but "to give meaning to such international action, all nations of the world, including the new Chinese government, should be a party to the negotiations."

- That all efforts be directed to unconditionally outlaw atomic weapons for all time "since the use of the atom bomb, the hydrogen bomb, and non-guided missiles, is so terrible, and the responsibility for their use so overwhelming."

Others joining in sponsoring the statement included: Prof. Robert Havighurst, University of Chicago; Dr. Charlotte Brown, president, Palmer Institute, Sedalia, N.C.; Dr. Mark A. Dawber, formerly executive secretary, Home Missions of North America; Mrs. Welthy H. Fisher, chairman, World Day of Prayer Committee.

Also Dr. Halford E. Luccock, Yale Divinity School; Dr. Albert Palmer, former moderator, Congressional Christian Churches of America; Prof. Linus Pauling, California Institute of Technology; and Rev. Franklin I. Sheeder, executive secretary, board of Christian Education & Publications, Evangelical and Reformed Church.

Also, Rabbi Joseph E. Caplan; Rev. M. E. Doer; Clifford Dunn; Rabbi Oscar Fleishaker; Dr. George Fowler; Hugo Leasing; Rev. Edgar Jackson; Prof. Earl Douglas; Rev. Massie Kennard; Rev. Donald Matthews; Dr. George Neckenberg; Rev. J. Burt Bowman; Rev. Robert Stone; Mrs. M. E. Tilly; Miss Renee Shapiro; Dr. Wilford Upham; Rev. Edgar M. Wahlberg; Rev. Wayne White; and Aubrey Williams.

AS WE SEE IT, a column by Robert F. Hall, Washington Post, correspondent, appears Mondays and Wednesdays in the Daily Worker.

THE CRISIS IN NEGRO RIGHTS

(Continued from Page 6)

complexion has taught us to reject the false philosophy that a man's true worth can be judged by the complexion of his political label. There have been and still are demagogues in high office who speak as friends of our people, and as labor's friends, whose deeds have completely belied their words. "By their deeds shall ye know them" has ever been a true and wise counsel. We affirm that we will not reject the hand of any true fighter for Negro rights and the rights of labor. We demand an end to tactics which divide the people no matter on what pretext they are advanced. Unity is the hour's need.

To those who tell us "be satisfied with the gains made," we state that the gains made in industry and in integrating Negroes in all levels of leadership in some unions are good beginnings, but only beginnings which can too easily be wiped out once the fight ends. The fight has just begun.

To those who tell us the cold war demands that we and organized labor sacrifice our gains and postpone the fight for our needs and rights, we give promise that no war, hot or cold, merits the support of the people which is predicated on the ideas of superior and inferior races and peoples, which would further grind us in the dust, and which would extend the dominion of Rankinism beyond the South onto other peoples of the world who surely want no part of it.

OURS is the fight of Abraham Lincoln and Frederick Douglass, of Nat Turner and John Brown, of Harriet Tubman and the Abolitionists. This fight must go forward. Without it, there is no progress for our country. It is in this spirit that we call upon our whole people to unite. Negro labor is organized within many different crafts and unions, but we affirm that in purpose and objectives, Negro labor is united, particularly around the program of action and aims which this conference has labored to bring forth.

We appeal to all sections of the Negro people, to our churches and organizations, irrespective of affiliations or manner of making a livelihood, to unite as a people with one purpose and one aim—the attainment of full equality in all spheres of human endeavor now and in the days and immediate years ahead.

We appeal to all of organized labor, and call upon the leaders of labor, to further the unity of Negro and white, to strengthen the unity of the trade unions by waging an uncompromising fight for Negro rights as indispensable to the defense of the rights of all workingmen and women.

Together let us go forward to build our unity, our committees of action and our councils to do battle with the Rankinite enemies of the people, going forward to peace and equality in a better America and a better world.

Jackson

(Continued from Page 1)

transportation home. But most of the people I met and talked to in Jackson did not endorse the lynch spirit and violent actions.

SOURCE OF VIOLENCE

The fountain-head of the violence was the governor himself. He had refused to give police protection to men and women who came thousands of miles to peacefully petition for the life of framed up Negro. He threatened the petitioners. He agreed to the formation of American Legion bands of vigilantes.

The very mention of "civil rights" set him into a rage. Persons seeking civil right for Negroes, he stated, were interfering with administration of justice.

When informed Supreme Court Justice Harold Burton had matched Willie McGee from the electric chair and ordered a hearing on new evidence this fall, the governor publicly insisted it was "not official."

"I haven't been officially informed of any Supreme Court action," he snapped angrily.

Mississippi's Chief Justice gave the hotbeds the signal for a lynch rampage when he stated: "I do not consider it official."

It was feared for a while that the maddened Dixiecrats might attempt to go ahead with the execution anyhow or turn McGee over to the mob. Mob action against McGee and Mississippi Negroes in general was being discussed, I was reliably informed.

MAYOR'S INCITEMENT

This was confirmed by Mayor Carroll Cortis, of Laurel, scene of the thwarted execution, when he said: "Everybody is feeling pretty tense about the whole thing."

He did his share to increase the tension.

"The Supreme Court action is a slap in the face of this state," he growled. "They ought to let Stalin and his gang come over here for six months and let those... Communists go over there for six

Times Square

(Continued from Page 3)

taxi drivers opened their doors to search for the leaflets. Car drivers stuck their hands out. And rank and file folks coming out of the Broadway movie houses kept saying: "What's this they are doing in Mississippi?" or "Give me a copy of that." Others asked what it was all about, and took the leaflet to find out.

The response was exceptionally eager.

The demonstrators surged back and forth in long, oval lines—each group confining its march to one block.

The pavements from 43 Street to just below 47 Street were alive with the protesting marching columns on both sides of the long square that is bounded by 7th Avenue on the East and Broadway on the West. The pickets held up hundreds of placards assailing lynch law.

Some cops became provocative shortly before the scheduled closing time. And that's for publication, too.

Communists, according to Gov. Wright and his Dixiecrat followers, are any person who stand up for basic civil rights as guaranteed by the U. S. Constitution. Wright considers even President Truman a "civil rights."

What to do with such people? Frederic Sullens, editor of the Jackson Daily News, suggested last week:

"Why the hell go to Korea to shoot Communists when the hunting is good on home grounds?"

Sullens has planted the seed of a criminal idea into the head of every little Dixiecrat mobster.

But more important is that the victory in the Willie McGee case is a heavy blow at these mobsters, their leaders in government. It is one of the many blows at this American brand of fascism that must and will be routed and defeated by the American people.

ing time. Horse cops and foot cops combined began pushing the crowd at both ends of the line. But the tough stuff wasn't tried very much.

The demonstration served to rally the people for the life-and-death campaign to prevent the legal lynching when the court stays of execution expire.

What's On?

Tonight Manhattan

YORK DANCING at many nations; beginning, advanced. Cool, Blue Star, Chorus. Cultural Folk Dance Group, 130 East 10th St.

MEETING TWO LODGE 509. Round table discussion. Starts at 8:35. Cool refreshments. Members and friends welcome. 77 Fifth Avenue.

Tomorrow Manhattan

"GRAND ILLUMINATION" powerful French anti-war film, directed by Jean Renoir and starring Jean Gabin will be presented this Saturday and Sunday evenings, July 29 and 30, at comfortably cool 77 Fifth Ave., N.Y.C. "Symphony of Nations" featuring Arturo Toscanini and tenor Ben Fois will be shown in addition. A social with dancing and refreshments in the 2nd Room. Admission: Midtown Film Circle. Starts Saturday and Sunday evenings, July 29 and 30; time: two showings each night, 8:30 and 10:30; place: 77 Fifth Ave. (at 15th St.) N.Y.C. Donation \$2 plus tax. GOOD OFF at Beat Garden Party at George's Studio, 233 Eighth Ave. Saturday evening, July 29. Sub. \$1.00. 3rd A.D. American Labor Party.

Tomorrow Brooklyn

"POTEMKIN" Soviet silent film telling the story of a sailor's uprising on the battleship "Potemkin" during the 1905 revolution, will be given a special revival this Saturday and Sunday evenings at the cool and breezy 999 Coney Island Avenue (one block from boardwalk). Two of Charlie Chaplin's funniest two-reelers, "A Night at the Show" and "Easy Street" will be shown in addition. A social with dancing and refreshments will continue throughout the evening in the Rose Room. Admission: Brighton Film Circle and Brooklyn YPA. Starts Saturday and Sunday evenings, July 29 and 30. Time: Two showings each night, 8:30 and 10:30; place: 999 Coney Island Avenue in Brighton Beach (one block from boardwalk). Donation \$2 plus tax.

RATES: 25 cents per line in the Daily Worker
25 cents per line in the (Weekend) Worker
1 word constitutes a line
Minimum charge 3 lines
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE
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for Monday's issue
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Present

SERGEI EISENSTEIN'S Powerful Soviet Classic

'POTEMKIN'

Acknowledged as one of the great cinema achievements of all time.

Also: Two of CHARLIE CHAPLIN'S funniest

"A NIGHT AT THE SHOW" and "EASY STREET"

Cool and Breezy
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SATURDAY and SUNDAY EVES., JULY 29 and 30

TWO SHOWINGS EACH NIGHT - 8:30 and 10:30

Dancing All Evening in the Rose Room - Refreshments

3200 CONEY ISLAND AVE. (One block from boardwalk)
Cor. Brighton Beach Ave.

Accuses Wright

(Continued from Page 2)

city and state officials to warn, "We want you out of town."

The hotel manager refused after the attack, to call a photographer to take pictures of the bloodied CRC leader. After Grossman was hospitalized, city officials again refused to offer him protection. A routine investigation of his hotel room by the police destroyed all evidence pointing to the hoodlums.

Repeated pleas to the U.S. Attorney's office for protection of CRC delegates and lawyers went unheeded although FBI men and local police were swarming all over Jackson.

"Every part of government—city, county, state and federal—either sponsored the attack or stayed away when protection was needed and protected those who engaged in the attacks," he said yesterday.

OTHER VICTIMS

Other victims of Dixiecrat lynch terror during the past few days were John R. Poole, Negro attorney for McGee; Stephen Fisher, correspondent for the Compass, and Sidney Ordower, a delegate from Chicago.

Grossman said that of all the things he told the Governor and his henchmen about Dixiecrat "justice" during a meeting at the new Capitol on Tuesday, what angered them most were his references to Willie McGee as "Mr. McGee."

Emanuel H. Block, CRC attorney, also present in Jackson until late Tuesday, told the press that "Gov. Wright is not fit to be a public official. He is irresponsible, lawless, sadistic and barbaric and a disgrace to our country."

When all his pleas for protection went unheeded, Block realized, he said, "I was no longer living in a free country and had no protection for my person."

DISBARMENT THREAT

He sharply assailed the threat of disbarment which faces Poole because of his activities in behalf of McGee as CRC attorney. Poole is threatened with disbarment because he received a retainer from CRC, which is alleged to be "subversive" by the Justice Department.

"No citizen is free to obtain le-

gal protection," he declared, "if a lawyer will be disbarred for receiving a retainer from a so-called unpopular client."

What happened in Mississippi, he said, exposes the "hypocritical pretension of democracy in the United States." Immediate defense for Poole is being planned, he said.

William L. Patterson, CRC executive secretary, said the Jackson incidents prove "once again that Jim Crow is an official policy of government in the United States enforced through terror."

Another CRC spokesman described his disgust with CIO Woodworkers officials of Local 443 in Jackson, who refused to aid McGee, formerly a member of the union, and who boasted of segregated union locals for Negroes. He praised the heroism of the women in the delegation, and Mrs. Bella Abzug, one of the CRC attorneys in the case.

Fisher, also present at the conference, described his experience with Gov. Wright.

Patterson renewed his plea to the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People for joint action with the CRC in civil rights cases.

Flay Attacks on YPA In Miami, E. Chicago

The Young Progressives of America yesterday protested attacks by city officials of East Chicago, Ind., and Miami, Fla., were YPA peace activities in these cities. The protests were sent by David McCanns, co-chairman in behalf of the resident executive committee of YPA and state directors of five Eastern states.

A letter sent to the East Chicago, Ind., superintendent of schools protested the inquisition launched after YPA had secured World Peace Appeal signatures from 90 percent of one High School student body.

In a letter to Mayor Wolfarth of Miami, Fla., the YPA protested police action there to break up the YPA club, ban its interracial softball games and "check" the citizenship of its members.

WORLD-OF LABOR, the column by George Morris, labor editor, appears every day in the Daily Worker.

Truman

(Continued from Page 3)

sweeping controls following the testimony yesterday of capitalist Bernard Baruch before a Congressional committee. Baruch demanded all out controls over the nation's economy, stressing especially wage freeze and manpower controls.

The House Banking Committee today rejected the Baruch proposals by 10 to 9, but several administration leaders said Truman's recommendations "do not go far enough" even for the present.

DODGES QUESTION

A reporter asked whether prices would be rolled back to June 25, if price controls are enacted. Truman said he will cross that bridge when he comes to it.

The President would not say what he thinks about the outlook for peace. A reporter reminded him that two months ago he said the peace outlook was better than at any time since 1945. Did he still believe that, the reporter inquired.

Truman replied that it would be better to wait for a few more developments before coming to any conclusion as to the prospect for peace.

A reporter asked the President to comment on proposed legislation against "alien and subversives."

We want to be very careful in these times, Truman replied. We do not want to get in a mood of Alien and Sedition laws as was done in 1798, he said. The Bill of Rights is still a part of the Constitution, he declared, adding that it was a very important part, but he will not overlook any opportunity to see that traitors and saboteurs are properly taken care of, he concluded.

The reporter's question evidently dealt with the Mundt-Nixon and the McCarran bills now pending before the Senate. Truman forces in the Senate, however, led by majority leader Scott Lucas (D-Ill) are known to be preparing a police-state bill based on the McCarran "internal security" bill and incorporating sections of the Mundt bill.

Truman's apostrophe to the Bill of Rights was not taken very seriously by some observers here. It is known that he regards opponents of the war as subversive and once, at a news conference, he referred to Communists as traitors. Several months ago Truman boasted that he personally gave the order to prosecute the leadership of the Communist Party under the Smith Act.

Martinsville

(Continued from Page 3)

Patterson, Civil Rights Congress executive secretary.

The Negro people in Martinsville were elated over the news, which spread quickly through the town of 18,000 after it was announced over the radio.

The parents of the six other framed-up men live in a small wooded hollow in East Martinsville and could not be reached. NAACP leaders in Martinsville planned to hike to their homes tonight to see them.

Martin A. Martin, NAACP attorney whose efforts to get a writ of habeas corpus in Richmond Hustings Court, Part 2, brought about the stay of execution, insisted that the credit for Judge Doubles' decision rested on the widespread campaign to save the seven men.

He said he hoped the campaign could be maintained between now and Sept. 7, when state officials were ordered to show cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not be granted.

The campaign to keep the men, framed on a phony "rape" charge leveled by a 32-year old white woman, who has since disappeared reached tremendous heights in Virginia, and many sections of the world. Thousands of letters and telegrams were received by Gov. John Battle in the weeks before he decided not to grant executive clemency. The letters and cablegrams came from almost every country in the world, particularly eastern Europe and Poland, the governor's office reported earlier this week.

In Virginia, more than 12,000 Negro and white men and women petitioned the governor to commute the death sentences. It was the biggest mass campaign conducted in the state in years.

LIFE OF THE PARTY, the column by Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, member of the national committee of the Communist Party, appears Tuesdays and Thursdays in the Daily Worker.

Bicycle Caravan

The Bronx County Young Progressives of America will sponsor a peace bicycle caravan tomorrow morning (Saturday) at 10 a.m. starting from 1239 Southern Boulevard.

In the evening the YPA will celebrate its second birthday with a party at 1239 Southern Boulevard.

E. Reich Trade Group

BERLIN, July 27.—A German People's Republic trade delegation departed by air today for Peking to negotiate a trade agreement with the People's government of China, a German spokesman announced.

Attorney Sends Peace Plea to Clients

CHICAGO, July 27.—A local attorney is sending a Stockholm Peace petition to all his clients and friends.

In a letter attached to the petition, Max R. Naiman stated, "Pressure must be brought by the people of the United States for peaceful negotiations of differences rather than by guns and bombs."

In memory of

JOE BRODSKY

Loyal comrade, devoted brother and friend.

Died July 28, 1947

CARL BRODSKY

In Memoriam

JOSEPH R. BRODSKY

Died July 28, 1947

Founder of Lodge 500, I.W.O.

LINCOLN STEFFENS LODGE 500

In Memoriam

Joseph R. Brodsky

Died July 28, 1947

We shall perpetuate his memory in fruitful ways—with the assistance of men and women who respected and admired him, publish the story of his rich life and assist and honor through fellowships and awards Americans who advance the progress of humanity, as Joe Brodsky did in his lifetime.

JOSEPH R. BRODSKY MEMORIAL FOUNDATION

In Memoriam

JOSEPH R. BRODSKY

Died July 28, 1947

In memory of our comrade and colleague who fought so ably and eloquently for freedom. His life will be a lasting inspiration to us.

His Office Associates

LOUIS FLEISCHER

FAY SIEGARTEL

DAVID M. FREEDMAN

ABRAHAM UNGER

The unveiling of the monument in memory of

SAMUEL JACOBSON

will be held Sunday, July 30th—12 noon. At Wellwood Cemetery on the grounds of International Workers Order, Block 45

In case of rain postponed for following Sunday. Directions: L.I.R.R. to Flushing Bus to Cemetery. By car Southern State Pkwy to Flushing. Long Island.

—BRANCH 121

Classified Ads

NOTICE: We will not accept any ad by mail unless accompanied by full payment and copy of the statement printed below with signature of advertiser.

STATEMENT OF POLICY

The Daily Worker and The Worker will not accept an advertisement in which any individual is discriminated against because of color or creed.

—ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT.

The above policy is fully understood by me in placing my advertisement.

Signed _____

APARTMENT WANTED

1½-3 ROOMS. Manhattan to \$45.00, or apartment to share. Female. Box 764, Daily Worker.

YOUNG WOMAN urgently needs apartment; room; kitchen privileges; share apartment. Box 762, Daily Worker.

COTTAGE WANTED

TWO hospital students, desire 2-3-room cottage in country. Sept. 9 to 23. Box 761, Daily Worker.

FURNISHED APARTMENT TO RENT

FURNISHED 3 rooms, 2nd, including gas and electricity. Box 767, Daily Worker.

HELP WANTED (Female)

BIG CHARITY DRIVE. Full-part time; sal. comm. 750 E'way, Rm. 542. OR 4-6420.

FUND raisers. \$20-\$75 week. bonus: full-part time. comm. CH 3-7915. Charitable cause.

FOR SALE

(Appliances)

NEW "Foam Rubber" pillows, reg. \$3.95, special \$2.95. Standard Brand Dist., 143 Fourth Ave. (13th and 14th Sts.). CH 2-7419.

(Furniture)

THE WARDS are leaving town. Must sacrifice household and baby furniture. Appliances, refrigerator, rug, radio-phonograph, books, etc. Two days left. 123 W. 71st St. OR 2-5168.

SERVICES

LITTY AUTO REPAIRS. Also, auto body work. Reasonable. 140 West 2nd Ave. OR 2-5168. CH 2-7419.

(Refrigeration)

LOU'S REFRIGERATION SERVICE. Domestic, commercial. UNIVERSITY 4-3873. HAVEMEYER 9-2932. All boroughs.

(Upholstery)

SOFA rewebbed, relined, springs retied to your home. 312 Furniture repaired, slipcovered, reupholstered. Comradely attention. Mornings 7-11. HYacinth 3-7287.

TRUCKS FOR HIRE

ALL JOBS moving, storage. Closed van. Trips to Rockaway, Long Beach, low rates. Ed Wendel. JE 6-9000. Day-night.

JIMMIE'S pickup service, small jobs, shortest notice. City, beach, country. UN 4-7707.

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Two Studies on Problems Of Capitalist Economy

MONETARY MANAGEMENT.
By E. A. Goldenweiser. Mc-Craw-Hill Book Company, Inc. \$2.75.

By Eric Bert

THE PRESENT volume is a research study prepared for the Committee for Economic Development. The CED is the organization of the "intelligent capitalists" whose policies Earl Browder has been trying for years to smuggle into the working-class movement as Marxism-Leninism.

As a formal description of the operations of the Federal Reserve System over the past 35 years, E. A. Goldenweiser's Monetary Management is useful.

The same cannot be said either for his conception of the capitalist economy as a whole, or of the role of "management" in the capitalist credit system.

HE ASSERTS that capitalism offers the possibilities of a "well-functioning . . . economy," one in which the amount and distribution of purchasing power takes "off the market . . . all goods currently produced." The "broad objective of monetary policy" is to assure "stable economic progress" and a "rising level of economic well-being."

He simply assumes such a possibility, although both the history of capitalist crises, and an understanding of the structure of capitalist enterprise prove its impossibility.

The nature of capitalism is dissolved by identifying the capitalists, the appropriators of surplus value, with "the people," and by identifying the merging of the State apparatus and the banks, in the Federal credit agencies, with the "public interest."

The nature of capitalism is obscured by the contention that "the money supply and the income stream and its distribution are among the major factors shaping the economic functioning of society." By this device the contradiction between the owners of capital and the non-owners, the working class, is bypassed. But this contradiction is the main characteristic of the "income stream" in capitalist society, and determines its distribution.

HIS OUTLOOK on foreign affairs could be cribbed verbatim by Earl Browder. "The strong economic position of the United States in world affairs . . . calls for broad-gauge, farsighted, and courageous policies by American monetary authorities. It has become the duty of monetary management in this country to strive for economic stability not in the United States alone but throughout the world."

The real world disappears, and with it, the Marshall Plan, the war budget, atomic diplomacy, armed intervention in Greece and China—the determination of Wall Street to dominate the world economically, politically, and by force of arms.

GOVERNMENT FINANCING OF PRIVATE ENTERPRISE. By Douglas R. Fuller. Stanford University Press. Stanford, California. \$3.

THE PROBLEM that Douglas R. Fuller, second vice-president, Northern Trust Company, Chicago, examines in Government Financing of Private Enterprise is the "alleged gaps or deficiencies in the private financial mechanism which are said to render it incapable of fully meeting the present-day needs of business, and especially the needs of small enterprises."

Fuller's conclusions are not hopeful. The trouble with small business is "the unstable nature of its earning power and the heavy operating risks it faces," which reflect "basic operating problems of a technological or managerial nature." "Managerial efficiency" should be improved, but too much cannot be expected from that for the small businessman.

The "free enterprise" clamor which small capitalists repeat relentlessly is used by Fuller to stifle their pleas for government financial assistance. Once the government provides a subsidy to cover the costs or risks of small business, "what we profess to preserve is lost," namely "the qualities of independence and self-reliance which we value so highly in the small businessman." Clearly we cannot "make him dependent upon public subsidy." Requiescat in pace.

Apart from Fuller's discussion about small business and its prospects, the book provides a useful summary of the recent history of government credit to capitalist enterprise, both here and abroad.

From the experience of the early '30s and the recent war years two conclusions are obvious. First, government credit is incapable of staying off, or liquidating, major economic crises (in which the potentialities of private capital have already been extended to the limit). Second, the whole economic resources of the government were monopolized during the war by the biggest banks and industries, to guarantee them again, and to enable them to extend the monopolization of industry, while enjoying profits unprecedented in the history of capitalism.

'Grand Illusion' at Midtown Film Show



Eric Von Stroheim, the famous German film actor, as the militarist in Jean Renoir's famous anti-war film, Grand Illusion. The French classic, which also numbers Jean Gabin, Pierre Fresnay and Marcel Dalio in its cast, is being revived this week-end by the Midtown Film Circle at Fifth Ave. Saturday and Sunday nights. Also on the program is Hymn of Nations with Arturo Toscanini and Jan Peerce. There will be two showings, at 8:30 and 10:30.

Free Political Prisoners—Says Congress of 400 Polish Writers

By Samuel Sillen

WARSAW, Poland

An appeal for the immediate release of all victims of the Un-American Committee was signed by all the Polish and foreign delegates attending the recent Congress of Polish Writers in Warsaw.

Among the outstanding writers signing the appeal are Jan Drda, president of the Czechoslovak Writers Union, Alexander Surkov, leading Soviet poet, journalist and editor of "Ogonyok," Bodo Uhse, novelist of the German Democratic Republic and editor of "Aufbau," Jorge Amado of Brazil and Tristan Tzara of France.

"We, the undersigned writers, assembled at the 5th Congress of Polish Writers, strongly protest the persecution and imprisonment of progressive writers and other partisans of peace in the United States. The jailing of Howard Fast, John Howard Lawson, Dr. Edward Barsky, Eugene Dennis and many others has shocked the opinion of the world. Remembering the bitter lessons of fascism we appeal to the American people to urge that the government in Washington immediately release all victims of the Committee on Un-American Activities."

The Congress also sent a warm message of greeting to Howard Fast and other victims of imperialist repression. The text was heartily applauded by the 400 Polish writers attending the Congress. It read:

"The 5th Congress of Polish Writers sends you fraternal greetings and to the score of American writers and intellectuals now in prison. We are proud that we have heard your voice in our Congress — your voice which is stronger than the prison walls of the imperialist government of Truman and Acheson, who are the enemies of their own people. The criminal American imperialists are the leaders of the world bourgeoisie in the struggle against humanity."

The Polish writers take part in the struggle for peace and progress. In our Congress we struggle for a literature which serves the construction of a just world, the defense of the cultural traditions of humanity. At our Congress we struggle for the development of the creative tradition of the Polish classics and of Russian authors like Gorky and Mayakovsky and of all progressive writers, among whom we number you, dear Howard Fast, your books and your tradition. For we consider your books as the true voice of America—the American of Washington, Paine, Lincoln and Roosevelt."

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MORNING

9:30-WOR—Harry Hooper
WJZ—Breakfast Club
WCBS—This Is New York
WNVC—Masterwork Hour
9:45-WOR—Tello-Test
9:50-WOR—Food—Alfred M. McCann
WNBC—Bing Crosby Records
WQXR—Piano Personalities
9:55-WCBS—Milton Cross A-Shopping
WQXR—Composers' Varieties
10:00-WNBC—Welcome Travelers
WOR—Martha Deane Program
WJZ—My True Story
WCBS—Bing Crosby Show
WQXR—Morning Melodies
10:15-WCBS—Arthur Godfrey Show
10:30-WNBC—Double or Nothing
WJZ—Betty Crocker Magazine
WJZ—Look at the News
10:45-WJZ—News
WNVC—U. P. A. Forum
11:00-WNBC—We Love and Learn
WOR—News
WJZ—Musical
WQXR—News, Alma Detlinger
11:15-WNBC—Report from Pentagon
WOR—Rudy Vallee Show
11:30-WNBC—Jack Seroy
WJZ—Quiz Program
WCBS—Grand Show
WQXR—Alma Deane
11:45-WNBC—David Harum
WCBS—Rosemary
WQXR—Luncheon Concert

AFTERNOON

12:00-WNBC—News Roundup
WOR—Kate Smith
WJZ—Luncheon Club
WCBS—Wendy Warren
WQXR—News: Luncheon Concert
WNVC—Midday Symphony
WCBS—Aunt Jenny
WQXR—Sketch Henderson
WOR—Lanny Ross Show
12:15-WJZ—Carol Douglas, Beauty
12:30-WOR—News
WJZ—News; Herb Sheldon
WCBS—Helen Trent
12:45-WCBS—Our Old Sunday
WOR—Luncheon at Sara's
1:00-WNBC—Mary Margaret McBride
WJZ—News
WCBS—Big Sister
WNVC—Chamber Music
WQXR—News: Midday Symphony
1:15-WJZ—Nancy Craig
WCBS—Ma Perkins
1:30-WCBS—Young Dr. Malone
WOR—Answer Man
1:45-WCBS—Guiding Light
2:00-WNBC—Double or Nothing
WOR—Ladies Fair
WJZ—Welcome to Hollywood
WCBS—Second Mrs. Burton
WQXR—News: Record Review
2:15-WJZ—Perry Mason
2:30-WNBC—Live Like a Millionaire
WOR—Queen for a Day
WJZ—Chance of a Lifetime
WNVC—Symphonic Melodies
WQXR—Helen Drake
WQXR—Curtain at 2:30
2:45-WCBS—The Brighter Day
WQXR—Today in Music
3:00-WNBC—44th Case Re-Examined
WCBS—News: Masterwork
WJZ—Bride and Groom
WCBS—News: Sketch
3:15-WNBC—Road of Life
WCBS—Million House
3:30-WNBC—Popper Young
WOR—Tello-Test
WJZ—Handball Club
WCBS—Whispering Willows
3:45-WNBC—Ships to Sea
WOR—Music in the Park

WOR—Bacharach-Weller
WJZ—Norman Brokenshire
WNVC—Music of the Theatre
1:15-WNBC—Stella Dallas
1:30-WNBC—Lorenzo Jones
WOR—Dean Cameron Show
WCBS—Treasury Band
WQXR—Deems Taylor Concert
1:45-WNBC—Young Wilder Brown
WJZ—Patti Barnes
2:00-WNBC—When a Girl Marries
WOR—Buddy Rodgers, Show
WJZ—Fun House
WNVC—Sunset Serenade
WCBS—Calum Drake
WQXR—Continental Melodies
2:15-WNBC—Fortie Faces Life
WQXR—Record Review
2:30-WNBC—Just Plain Bill
WOR—Lopes Speaking
WJZ—Green Hornet
WCBS—Hits and Misses
WQXR—Temple Emanuel
2:45-WNBC—Front Page Parrot

EVENING

3:00-WNBC—Kenneth Banzhart
WOR—Lyle Van
WCBS—Allan Jackson, News
WJZ—Joe Hasi
WQXR—News: Tune to Remember
3:15-WNBC—Sports, Comment
WOR—On the Century
WJZ—News
3:30-WNBC—Tex and Tex
WOR—News Reports
WJZ—Herb Sheldon Show
WCBS—Curt Masey
WQXR—Dinner Concert
3:45-WNBC—Three Star Extra
WOR—Stan Lomax
WCBS—News
WNVC—Weather, News
7:00-WNBC—One Man's Family
WOR—Fulton Lewis Jr.
WJZ—Edwin C. Hill
WCBS—Garry Moore Show
WNVC—Masterwork Hour
WQXR—On Stage
7:05-WJZ—Headline Edition
1:15-WNBC—News of the World
WOR—Answer Man
WJZ—News
7:30-WNBC—Jimmy Atkins, Songs
WOR—Gabriel Baster
WCBS—Stepping Out, Variety
WJZ—Lone Ranger
WQXR—Bambro & Zepke, Piano
7:45-WNBC—Mindy Carson, Songs
WOR—Newsweek
WCBS—News
8:00-WNBC—Stars and Starters
WJZ—Pat Man
WOR—Kate Smith Show
WQXR—Philip Marlowe
WQXR—Symphony Hall
8:30-WNBC—We the People
WJZ—FBI Sketch
WCBS—Up for Parole
9:00-WNBC—Dimension X
WJZ—Thin Man
WOR—Box 11 Sketch
WCBS—Songs for Sale
WQXR—News: Concert Hall
9:30-WOR—Meet the Press
WJZ—The Sheriff
WNVC—Confidentially Yours
WQXR—Music Circle
9:45-WQXR—Great Songs
10:00-WNBC—Documentary: Wanted
WOR—Frank Edwards, Comment
WNVC—"Top" Concert
WCBS—Escape, Sketch
WQXR—News: Signs in Latin America
10:15-WOR—A. L. Alexander, Poems
10:30-WNBC—Sports
WOR—Variety Sketches
WJZ—John Hines, News
WCBS—Capital Check Room
WQXR—Brief Church

Lidice Survivors Sign Stockholm Peace Appeal

By David Platt

LIDICE, Czechoslovakia.

ONE OF THE most heartening stories that I have heard is of the surviving women and children of Lidice who on the 8th anniversary of the destruction of their village by the German fascists stood on the desolate plain where their home once stood and where now are the graves of their husbands, fathers, sons and brothers and signed the Stockholm Peace Appeal.

Lidice, you will recall, was razed to the ground by the German fascists on June 8, 1942. They shot down all the male inhabitants from 14-year-old boys to men of 72. The women were driven into concentration camps and their children dispersed all over Germany without trace.

In putting their signatures to the Peace Petition the surviving women of Lidice appealed to the women and mothers to "Prevent War. Do not permit a second Lidice."

"Even today," says the appeal of the courageous women of Lidice, "we can still hear the despairing cry of our dear children, 'Mother, don't let them take me away.' We clasped them in our arms, but the fascists seized and stole them away. Only 16 poor, ill children returned to us. The other 82 children, aged between 14 days and 14 years, were killed in gas chambers; 57 Lidice mothers died by torture in the concentration camps."

"We shall never forget these sacrifices. Never forget that as Lidice was destroyed so Oradour in France, Coventry in Britain, and thousands of villages and towns in the Soviet Union, in Poland and other countries were destroyed. Remembering the 75 million victims of the last war we cannot but also remember that these exist in the world today people who for profit's sake are once again preparing slaughter. We, however, build a world of peace."

"Not far from the place where is the cross with the crown of thorns, a new Lidice grows up, rising as the symbol of life. Let us unite in the name of life, let us prevent new massacres. This is the affair of all of you, because today it is in our joint power to prevent new Lidices, to avert the terrible suffering of a new war. Join our firm ranks. And you mothers and women whom war spared its suffering and pain, remember us and understand that a new war could hit you also."

KARLOVY VARY, Czechoslovakia

A FINE NEW East German film, *Our Daily Bread*, by the makers of the progressive pre-Hitler movie *Kuhle Wampe*, has attracted considerable favorable comment at the Karlovy Vary Film Festival. Georges Sadoul, of *Les Lettres Francaises*, thinks it is the best German film made to date and I am inclined to agree.

Well written, acted and directed and featuring Hans Eisler's magnificent music, *Our Daily Bread* describes the events in the lives of a middle class German family and their attitude towards the new life and new methods and relations towards work in Eastern Germany.

It tells of one member of the family who thinks only of making money and of his own self advancement at the expense of others, and of another who has become part of the collective effort to rebuild a brighter tomorrow on the ashes of Hitlerism. It tells of the father of the family, a cashier in a factory in the old days and now unemployed, who rejects cooperative activity because he does not think there is sufficient incentive in it for real achievement. After all, he says in one scene, how can one live without profit and money in the bank?

But though the father begins by siding with the way of life of his wastrel son, a black marketeer whose fat wallet he never questions, and though he opposes the son who is working for the new democratic Germany, the old man soon realizes that the old Germany to which he has adhered has completely fallen apart. He is finally forced by the logic of his own common-sense to recognize the very real qualities of those who are seeking to bring about the birth of socialism.

IN A SPEECH before the showing of this interesting movie, its director, Slatan Dudow, explained that *Our Daily Bread* was made in response to many critics who felt that too many East German films were preoccupied with the past, "especially the period of Nazism and its collapse." But this backward look, Dudow pointed out, "was necessary for us. Even when it appears that it is more convenient for the writer to occupy himself with historical themes which are easier to work up than material within the immediate present, we were forced to adhere to themes associated with the recent past because Hitlerism has not been completely vanquished in our country. Consequently, we must return again and again to this theme until one day we shall no longer require it."

Dudow said, however, that the artists of East Germany are well aware "that we must simultaneously devote our efforts also to the problems of the present and the future." And so *Our Daily Bread* inaugurates a new period in East German film creativity. It is the first film to deal with the changed morale of the East German people since the crushing of Nazism by the Red Army.

"We took upon ourselves a difficult task," said Dudow. "Factories had been destroyed by Hitler's criminal war and the cities lay in ruins. Of greater consequence, however, was the damage done to the people, in their thinking, in their morale. And it is exactly with these people that we had to start our efforts at regeneration. The bourgeoisie who supported and aided fascism had become in the end their victims and towards the new Democratic Republic they were antagonistic and hostile. Also the working class—a great part of it—had little faith in the new Republic. *Our Daily Bread* was produced to show how these deeply ingrained attitudes of capitalism and fascism were slowly but surely changed."

Another East German film, *Council of the Gods*, dealing with the machinations of the I. G. Farben Co. is to be shown at the Festival in a few days. It may interest Daily Worker readers to know that the script by the famous German author, Friedrich Wolf, was based on documentary material in the book I. G. Farben written by Federated Press correspondent Richard Sisuly.

On Stage

Henri Becque's 'Parisienne' Revived at the Fulton

By Bernard Robin

Henri Becque, whose *Parisienne* is now being revived at the Fulton, was one of the giants of the French theatre of the 1880's, 90's. Along with Antoine and Zola, he helped shatter the artificial romanticism of the time and in opposition to the cultural reactionaries of the day, led the movement to portray the realities of society on the surprised stages of France.

This movement, with its emphasis on revealing the degradation and sordidness of the people's lives under capitalism, became known as naturalism, although Antoine himself tried desperately to lose the tag. Naturalism, today, is a reactionary artistic philosophy. It presents a static, photographic duplication of life's ugly surfaces, ignoring or distorting the inner, moving dynamics of a rising class struggle for a better life. Concentrating attention under the guise of "objectivity" only on backward elements of man, it thus, by distorting reality, fosters a feeling of hopelessness and disgust for and among exploited mankind and thereby acts as a protector of the status quo—of the ruling class.

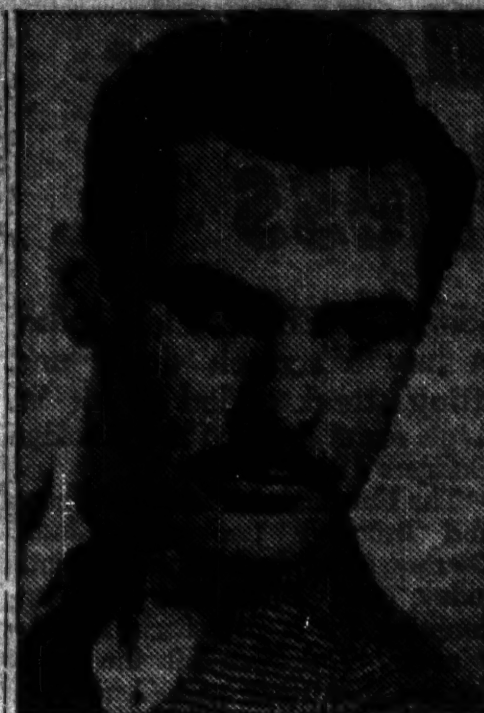
BUT SUCH was not the intention of many of the early giants of so-called naturalism, despite what some of them like Zola may have written during the hot battling for their new realism at the time. For the early giants were not "objective." To the contrary, most of them were passionate and stubborn protesters against the horrible conditions capitalism was inflicting on their people. Their very choice of material boldly indicated their sympathies: material which exposed the exploitation of the workers and lower middle class; material which held up the corrupt, philistine, hypocritical morality of the ruling class to scorn, indignation or mocking laughter.

BECCUE'S contribution in his time was among the latter line and, it's keeping this in mind, that

Brighton Group Shows Eisenstein Film



Sergei Eisenstein, the late famous Soviet director and film theoretician, whose 25-year-old classic, *Potemkin*, is being shown by the Brighton Film Circle this weekend at the Community Center, 3200 Coney Island Ave. There will be two showings on Saturday and Sunday nights, at 8:30 and 10:30. The Brighton Film Circle has been having a series of successful weekend showings for the last month and a half in collaboration with the Brooklyn YFA. The showings are accompanied by dancing and social in the Ross Room of the Center. This week's film, *Potemkin*, is the famous story of the 1905 uprising on the battleship *Potemkin*. On the program with it will be two Chaplin comedies, *Easy Street* and *A Night At the Show*.



SAM WANAMAKER

we can understand what's wrong with the present production of his *Parisienne* by the newly formed Festival repertory group headed by Sam Wanamaker, Terese Hayden and Harriet Ames. For the Ashley Dukes' adaptation and the group's staging simply ignores Becque's motivation and premise and presents the play merely as a French farce about a wife, her husband and her lovers.

Becque's expose of how the pretty wives of bourgeois politicians are used to advance their husbands' "careers" is slurred over here to become only a minor incident in the cute love life of the heroine.

As a matter of fact, all of the bitter, mordant jab on bourgeois morality that Becque achieved is diluted in the Dukes' version to a Noel Cowardian frivolity. What the commercial press critics were objecting to is that the Festival

production was not adequately Cowardian. My objection is that it was simply not Becqueian.

Within the framework of Dukes' adaptation, Francis Lederer, Fay Emerson, Romney Brent, Sybil Scott and Helmut Dantine performed adequately under Mr. Wanamaker's skilful direction. But they were all working in a hollow shell, and perforce, making hollow noises.

You can't sweeten up Becque: there was a deadly purpose behind his humor. To attempt it is to make the same mistake that some producers have committed with different versions of *The Beggar Opera*. Both Gay and Becque hated their ruling classes; the trouble is that theatre producers today, fearful of the class bias of the commercial press critics, try to soften or eliminate that hatred from their offerings. But when they eliminate that they also eliminate the major artistic qualities of these works along with it.

Juilliard Summer Concert Series

This coming week's concerts at the Juilliard Concert Hall feature the pianists Joseph Raieff and Beveridge Webster. The concerts, held on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday afternoons at 4 o'clock, are the fifth week of regular summer concerts of the school of music.

Joseph Raieff will be the soloist on Tuesday in a program which includes Haydn, Schumann and Chopin. On Wednesday a vocal chamber music program, conducted by Robert Huisker, will be held. On Thursday Beveridge Webster will be the soloist in the third piano concerto of Prokofiev.

FRENCH FILM REPORT
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Cards Win 13-3, Musial Hitless

Home runs were a dime a dozen at Ebbets Field today but Stan Musial couldn't even buy a scratch single and the Cardinal star's 30-game batting streak ended as hit St. Louis mates drubbed the Brooklyn Dodgers 13 to 3.

Galiber Stars on Fur Resort '5'

The Fur Workers Resort basketball team defeated the Hotel Zeiger's team 49-39 in a closely fought game to avenge a previous two-point loss. Three nights later the Fur Workers won another thrilling game against a powerful team from the President Hotel, Sullivan County, 56-50.

All three hotels feature top collegiate players—from North Carolina State, Western Kentucky, Holy Cross and University of Oklahoma.

This week the Furriers are playing the Pine View Hotel which is reputed to have one of the most powerful teams in Sullivan County.

Outstanding for the Fur Workers quintet are Joe Galiber of City College fame and Ralph Sealy of Morgan State University.

Phils Sweep Cubs, Win 13-3

PHILADELPHIA, July 27, (UP)—Del Ennis came to bat with the bases loaded twice today and slammed a base-clearing double and a grand slam homer to pace the league-leading Philadelphia Phillies to a 13-3 victory over the Chicago Cubs.

The triumph gave the Phils a clean sweep of the four-game series and enabled lefty Curt Simmons to chalk up his 14th win in his final appearance on the mound before leaving for a two-week Pennsylvania National guard encampment. He leaves Saturday.

Slugging Del's grand slam homer in the eighth inning was the first of his major league career. It also was his 19th circuit clout of the season. Previously, in the seventh, he climaxed a four-run rally by doubling with the sacks full. In all, he batted in seven runs.

Joe Louis' Mother Says:

'Don't Fight Again'

DETROIT, July 27 (UP).—Joe Louis' mother said today that the retired champion's talk about having to fight to pay his income tax is "just an excuse" to get back into the ring again.

"I'm his mother—I can tell that he's been itching to fight for quite a spell, but he didn't want to break his promise to me," Mrs. Lillie Brooks said.

Louis promised her when he retired two years ago, she recalled, he wouldn't enter the ring again.

Joe's mother, said over her famous son's plans to fight Ezzard Charles in September, revealed that the retired champ came to her for advice Tuesday.

"He didn't come right out and own up that he was going to fight again, but sort of beat around the bush feeling his out, to see if I'd be mad at his plans," she said. "He acted just like he did when he was a little boy—sort of scared."

She said she didn't give Joe any encouragement over his comeback, if that was what he was looking for. "I told him that it was his life and he'd have to decide what to do, but I'd be the happiest mother in the world if he wouldn't fight again," she said.

Joe's mother admits that she thinks her son is too old to fight again and may get hurt if he tries. "Boxing's treated Joe real well—he hasn't been hurt like lots of other fighters, so I think he should leave well enough alone," she said.

A widow for more than 12 years, Mrs. Brooks said if Joe does fight she'll give him her blessing, but doesn't want to see him in action.

"I never could watch Joe fight—every time he'd get hit it would send a shiver down my back," she said. "But I'll be rooting for him."

Although disappointed, she said: "Joe's always been the finest son a mother could have—I only hope he's doing the right thing."



JACKIE ROBINSON



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St. Louis 000 100 246-13 13 1
Brooklyn 000 100 001-3 9 0
Boyer (3-2) and Rice; Van Cuyk, Landrum (8), Hatten (8), Barney (8), Loes (9) and Edwards. Losing pitcher, Van Cuyk (1-2). Home runs—Diering (2-2nd and 3rd), Slaughter (2-8th and 9th), Rice Hermanski (3rd), Brown (2nd).

Pittsburgh at Boston (nite). (Only games scheduled.)

Chicago 100 001 010-3 7 2
Philly 020 200 45x-13 9 2
Lade, Hiller (7), Vandermeer (8) and Owen; Simmons (14-5) and Lopata. Losing pitcher, Lade (5-5). Home runs: Pafko (19th), Ennis (19th).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Philadelphia 203 000 011-7 9 0
Cleveland 000 000 002-2 4 2
Brissie (5-13) and Astroth; Gromek, Benton (3), Weik (6), Bear, den (8) and Murray. Losing pitcher, Gromek (6-5). Home run—Chapman (17th).

GAMES TODAY

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Cincinnati at Boston (nite)
Chicago at Brooklyn (nite)
St. Louis at New York (nite)
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia (nite)

AMERICAN LEAGUE
New York at Chicago (nite)
Washington at St. Louis (nite)
Philadelphia at Detroit (nite)
Boston at Cleveland (nite)

Pep-Saddler Fight Sept. 6

Featherweight champion Willie Pep and ex-champion Sandy Saddler were signed here yesterday to meet in a 15-round title bout Sept. 6 at Yankee Stadium.

This will be the third match between the two. Saddler knocked out Pep the first time, and Wee Willie regained the title by taking a decision the second time.

Robinson-Musial Slugging Duel Thrills League

Stan Musial and Jackie Robinson set the stage for a spectacular two-month battle for National League batting honors today but it was just a horrible nightmare to the senior loop's pitchers.

Musial smashed two hits in four tries against the Dodgers yesterday to tie Robinson at .365. Indications were that the highest mark since Arky Vaughan hit .385 in 1935 would be required to win the N. L. crown.

Musial currently is the hotter of the two—although most pitchers would consider the question academic.

The Cardinal slugger has hit safely in 30 consecutive games, longest streak in the N. L. since Tommy Holmes set the modern mark of 37 in a row in 1945. Moreover, he seems to be gathering momentum. His average for his last seven games is a fantastic .630—17 hits in 227 tries, including three homers and 10 runs batted in.

He shows a .388 mark for the 30 games and is hitting with consistent power for the first time this year.

ROBINSON HOT, TOO

Musial gained 227 points on Robinson this month, 21 since July 6 and 11 in the last week, but any conclusion that Jackie has been slumping would constitute the biggest mistake since Colliath pegged David as a soft touch.

Jackie actually has raised his average eight points in the last week and his current mark is four points higher than his average of June 25. And only last Sunday he blasted five hits in six tries against Pittsburgh Pirate pitching.

Past performances would establish Musial as the favorite to win the title, inasmuch as Robinson's

highest season batting average was his .342 in 1949 while Musial has such gaudy figures as .357, .347, .365 and .376 alongside his name in the record book.

But N. L. rivals figure there actually is little to choose between the two this year. They say Jackie has become a "great" hitter and insist they're not over-working the adjective when they apply it to him.

Musial got a tremendous jump on Jackie at the beginning of the season. He was hitting .483 to Robinson's measly .329 after three weeks of the campaign. By June 4, Musial was still belting a fancy .415 but Robinson's average had risen to .372. Jackie finally took over the lead in mid-June when Musial's average plummeted to .345.

Musial began his tremendous surge on June 25. Vern Bickford, who stopped Musial in two trips to the plate while shutting out the Cardinals, 4 to 0, on June 24, was the last hurler to drape the horse-collar around Stan's neck.

Stan's streak is all the more remarkable because he has been playing for the last two weeks with a badly wrenched knee, causing Brooklyn's Red Barney to quip:

"It sure is tough to see a crippled guy trying to make a living. But along about the time you're gettin' ready to cry you realize all that blood sprayed on the field is yours — and that this guy has been beatin' your brains out."

U. S. Davis Cup Team Wide Open

U. S. Davis Cup Captain Alrick Man warned today the scramble for playing assignments on the 1950 American team is wide open "for any man who can win a job." The

white-haired non-playing captain refused to become alarmed at recent failures of his No. 1 boy, Ted Schroeder of Lacrescenta, Calif., but indicated both Ted and Wimbledon champion Budge Patty of Los Angeles would have to prove their mettle on the eastern grass court circuit to merit cup consideration.

"Only the deserving will be picked to play," said man. "We've got our hands full trying to retain the cup this year and 1950 records mean more right now than past performances."

The chief proving grounds will be grass court championships at Southampton, N. Y., Orange, N. J., Newport, R. I., and Chestnut Hill, Mass.

Man's warning was a boost for youngsters like Herbie Flam of Beverly Hills, Calif., Art Larsen of San Francisco, Vic Seixas of Philadelphia and a half dozen others who were expected to be named to the Davis Cup squad within the next few days.

Actual playing assignments won't be made until just before the challenge round which presumably

will be against the hard-hitting kids from Australia.

"Obviously, we'll have a fight on our hands," said Man. "The Aussies have youth and speed in Frank Sedgman and Ken McGregor in addition to an old hand in John Brownich. It will take our very best to beat them."

STANDINGS

(Not Including Yesterday)

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
	W.	L.	G.B.
Philadelphia	54	38	—
St. Louis	51	38	1½
Brooklyn	47	37	3
Boston	48	39	3½
New York	43	46	9½
Chicago	39	47	12
Cincinnati	37	52	15½
Pittsburgh	33	55	19
AMERICAN LEAGUE			
Detroit	56	33	—
New York	56	34	½
Cleveland	56	36	1½
Boston	53	39	4½
Washington	41	46	14
Chicago	37	55	20½
Philadelphia	32	60	25½
St. Louis	31	59	25½

Sports Editor Lester Rodney is on vacation. He will be back Aug. 1.